PARTICULARS TO APPEAR ON THE OUTER PACKAGE
CARTON BOX

1. NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT

BRAVECTO TriUNO chewable tablets for dogs (> 5-10 kg)

2. STATEMENT OF ACTIVE SUBSTANCES

Each chewable tablet contains:
100 mg fluralaner / 0.25 mg moxidectin / 50 mg pyrantel (as embonate)

3. PACKAGE SIZE

1 chewable tablet
3 chewable tablets
6 chewable tablets

4. TARGET SPECIES

Dogs.

5. INDICATIONS

6. ROUTES OF ADMINISTRATION

Oral use.

7. WITHDRAWAL PERIODS

8. EXPIRY DATE

Exp. {mm/yyyy}

9. SPECIAL STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

Do not store above 30 °C.

10. THE WORDS “READ THE PACKAGE LEAFLET BEFORE USE”

Read the package leaflet before use.

11. THE WORDS “FOR ANIMAL TREATMENT ONLY”

For animal treatment only.

12. THE WORDS “KEEP OUT OF THE SIGHT AND REACH OF CHILDREN”

Keep out of the sight and reach of children.

13. NAME OF THE MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER

MSD Animal Health UK Ltd.

14. MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBER

Vm 01708/5122

15. BATCH NUMBER

Lot {number}

MINIMUM PARTICULARS TO APPEAR ON SMALL IMMEDIATE PACKAGING UNITS BLISTER

1. NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT

BRAVECTO TriUNO

2. QUANTITATIVE PARTICULARS OF THE ACTIVE SUBSTANCES

(> 5-10 kg)
100 mg fluralaner / 0.25 mg moxidectin / 50 mg pyrantel (as embonate)

3. BATCH NUMBER

Lot {number}

4. EXPIRY DATE

Exp. {mm/yyyy}

PARTICULARS TO APPEAR ON THE PACKAGE LEAFLET:

PACKAGE LEAFLET

1. Name of the veterinary medicinal product

BRAVECTO TriUNO chewable tablets for dogs (1.27-2.5 kg)
BRAVECTO TriUNO chewable tablets for dogs (> 2.5-5 kg)
BRAVECTO TriUNO chewable tablets for dogs (> 5-10 kg)
BRAVECTO TriUNO chewable tablets for dogs (> 10-20 kg)
BRAVECTO TriUNO chewable tablets for dogs (> 20-40 kg)
BRAVECTO TriUNO chewable tablets for dogs (> 40-60 kg)

2. Composition

Each chewable tablet contains:

Active substances:

BRAVECTO TriUNO chewable tablets for dogs	Fluralaner (mg)	Moxidectin (mg)	Pyrantel (as embonate) (mg)
1.27-2.5 kg	25	0.0625	12.5
> 2.5-5 kg	50	0.125	25
> 5-10 kg	100	0.25	50
> 10-20 kg	200	0.5	100
> 20-40 kg	400	1	200
> 40-60 kg	600	1.5	300

Light pink to light brown coloured, mottled, round-shaped chewable tablets.

3. Target species

Dogs.

4. Indications for use

For dogs with, or at risk from, mixed parasitic infestations by ticks or fleas, gastrointestinal nematodes, lungworm and/or heartworm. The veterinary medicinal product is exclusively indicated when use against ticks or fleas, one or more of the target gastrointestinal nematodes, and prevention of either heartworm or lungworm disease, are all indicated at the same time.

For the treatment of tick and flea infestations in dogs providing immediate and persistent flea (*Ctenocephalides felis* and *C. canis*) and tick (*Dermacentor reticulatus, Ixodes hexagonus, I. ricinus, and Rhipicephalus sanguineus*) killing activity for 1 month.

The veterinary medicinal product can be used as part of a treatment strategy for the control of flea allergy dermatitis (FAD).

For reduction of the risk of infection with *Babesia canis canis* via transmission by *D. reticulatus* for 1 month. The effect is indirect due to the veterinary medicinal product's activity against the vector.

For reduction of the risk of infection with *Dipylidium caninum* via transmission by *C. felis* for 1 month. The effect is indirect due to the veterinary medicinal product's activity against the vector.

Treatment of infections with gastrointestinal nematodes of the following species: roundworms (adult stages of *Toxocara canis* and *Toxascaris leonina),* hookworms (L4, immature adult (L5) and adult stages of *Ancylostoma caninum* and adult stages of *Uncinaria stenocephala*).

Prevention of heartworm disease (caused by *Dirofilaria immitis*).

Prevention of angiostrongylosis (by reduction of the level of infection with immature adult (L5) and adult stages of *Angiostrongylus vasorum)*.

5. Contraindications

Do not use in cases of hypersensitivity to the active substances or to any of the excipients.

6. Special warnings

Special warnings:
Use of this combination veterinary medicinal product should be restricted to situations where all active substances are necessary at the time of administration. In the absence of a risk of co-infection with both ecto- and endoparasites, a narrow spectrum product should be used.

Unnecessary use of antiparasitics or use deviating from the instructions given in the SPC may increase the resistance selection pressure and lead to a reduction in efficacy. In each individual animal the decision to use this veterinary medicinal product should be based on confirmation of the parasitic species present and their burden, or the risk of infestation/infection based on the epidemiological features of the specific case.

Parasites need to start feeding on the host to become exposed to fluralaner; therefore, the risk of the transmission of parasite borne diseases (including *Babesia canis canis* and *D. caninum*) cannot be completely excluded.

Dogs in areas endemic for heartworm (or those which have travelled to endemic areas) may be infected with adult heartworms. No therapeutic effect against adult *D. immitis* has been established. It is therefore recommended, in accordance with good veterinary practice, that all animals 6 months of age or more, living in, or have travelled to, areas where a vector exists, should be tested for existing adult heartworm infections before beginning preventive use with the veterinary medicinal product.

Furthermore, it is essential that the guidance set out in section 9 (Advice on correct administration) is followed closely and that there are no gaps in product use for the prevention of heartworm disease while an animal is exposed to the parasite's vector.

For the treatment of infections with gastrointestinal nematodes the need for re-treatment should be evaluated by the prescribing veterinarian. When re-treatment is considered necessary, the choice of the treatment (monosubstance or combination product) and the frequency of use should be determined by the responsible veterinarian.

The possibility that other animals in the same household are a source of re-infection with ticks, fleas or gastrointestinal nematodes should be considered, and these animals should be treated as necessary with an appropriate product.

Special precautions for safe use in the target species:
In the absence of available data, treatment of puppies less than 8 weeks of age should be based on a benefit-risk assessment by the responsible veterinarian.

In (MDR1-/-) dogs, the safety of the veterinary medicinal product was investigated in a laboratory study following the administration of only a single dose. At a single observation timepoint, depression was observed in one animal given the maximum recommended dose. At 3 and 5 times the maximum recommended dose, depression was observed in multiple animals in a dose-related manner. The recommended dose should be strictly observed in MDR1 mutant (-/-) dogs with a non-functional P-glycoprotein, which may include Collies and related breeds.

Use with caution in dogs with pre-existing epilepsy.

The veterinary medicinal product should not be administered at intervals shorter than 1 month as the safety at shorter intervals has not been tested.

Special precautions to be taken by the person administering the veterinary medicinal product to animals:
Accidental ingestion of a tablet by a child may cause symptoms such as headache or nausea.
Keep tablets in the original packaging until use, in order to prevent children from getting access to the product and ensure that if the tablet is administered via the dog's feed, that it is fully consumed.
In case of accidental ingestion by a child, seek medical advice immediately and show the package leaflet or the label to the physician.
The product may cause skin or eye irritation.
Should skin or eye irritation occur, rinse the affected area with water. If irritation persists, seek medical advice.
Pyrantel may cause hypersensitivity reactions. People with sensitivity to pyrantel should avoid contact with the product. If symptoms such as a skin rash occur, seek medical advice.
Do not eat, drink, or smoke while handling the product.
Wash hands after use.

Special precautions for the protection of the environment:
The active substances, fluralaner and moxidectin, are mostly excreted in the faeces and may be toxic to non-target organisms. In order to avoid contamination of the environment, dog faeces should be bagged up and disposed of safely.

Pregnancy and lactation:
The safety of the veterinary medicinal product has not been established during pregnancy and lactation or in dogs intended for breeding.

The use is not recommended during pregnancy and lactation.
Laboratory studies with moxidectin in rats and mice have shown evidence of foetotoxic and teratogenic effects.

Fertility:
Do not use in breeding animals

Interaction with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction:
Macrocyclic lactones including moxidectin have been shown to be substrates for p-glycoprotein. Therefore, during treatment with the veterinary medicinal product, other products that are substrates or inhibitors of p-glycoprotein (e.g., cyclosporine, digoxin, doxorubicin, ketoconazole, spinosad) should only be used concomitantly according to the benefit/risk assessment of the responsible veterinarian.

Fluralaner is highly bound to plasma proteins and might compete with other highly bound active substances such as non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and the coumarin derivative warfarin. Incubation of fluralaner in the presence of carprofen or warfarin in dog plasma at maximum expected plasma concentrations did not reduce the protein binding of fluralaner, carprofen or warfarin.

During clinical field testing, no interactions between the veterinary medicinal product and routinely used veterinary medicinal products were observed.

Overdose:
No adverse reactions were observed in 8-weeks old healthy puppies administered with up to 5 times the maximum recommended dose for 7 consecutive doses over six monthly intervals.

In a laboratory study, the veterinary medicinal product was administered once at 3 and 5 times the maximum recommended dose to dogs with a deficient multidrug-resistance protein 1 (*MDR1-/-*). Within 24 hours, dose related neurological signs (mainly depression) and emesis, were observed at all doses administered. After administration of a single overdose at 5 times the maximum recommended dose, transient neurological signs (mainly depression, ataxia, and muscle fasciculations) of mild (occasionally moderate) severity were observed.

7. Adverse events

Dogs:

Common (1 to 10 animals / 100 animals treated):	Digestive tract disorders (e.g. diarrhoea, emesis)[1]
Uncommon (1 to 10 animals / 1,000 animals treated):	Lethargy[2] Hypersalivation[1] Decreased appetite
Very rare (<1 animal / 10,000 animals treated, including isolated reports)	Muscle tremors, ataxia, convulsions[3]

[1] Mild and usually resolves within 1 day
[2] Mild and usually resolves within 2 days
[3] May be serious

Reporting adverse events is important. It allows continuous safety monitoring of a product. If you notice any side effects, even those not already listed in this package leaflet, or you think that the medicine has not worked, please contact, in the first instance, your veterinarian. You can also report any adverse events to the marketing authorisation holder using the contact details at the end of this leaflet, or via your national reporting system at:
Website: https://www.gov.uk/report-veterinary-medicine-problem/animal-reacts-medicine
E-mail: adverse.events@vmd.gov.uk

8. Dosage for each species, routes and method of administration

Oral use.

Dose:
The veterinary medicinal product should be administered orally at a dose of 10-20 mg/kg of fluralaner, 0.025-0.05 mg/kg moxidectin and 5-10 mg/kg of pyrantel in accordance with the following table:

Bodyweight (kg) of dog	**Number and strength of chewable tablet to be administered**					
	BRAVECTO TriUNO 25/0.0625/ 12.5 mg	BRAVECTO TriUNO 50/0.125/ 25 mg	BRAVECTO TriUNO 100/0.25/ 50 mg	BRAVECTO TriUNO 200/0.5/ 100 mg	BRAVECTO TriUNO 400/1/ 200 mg	BRAVECTO TriUNO 600/1.5/ 300 mg
1.27-2.5	1					
> 2.5-5		1				
> 5-10			1			
> 10-20				1		
> 20-40					1	
> 40-60						1

The chewable tablet should not be broken or divided.
For dogs above 60 kg appropriate combinations of chewable tablets should be used.

To ensure a correct dosage, bodyweight should be determined as accurately as possible.
Underdosing could result in ineffective use and may favour resistance development.

9. Advice on correct administration

Method of administration:
Administer the veterinary medicinal product at or around the time of feeding.
The veterinary medicinal product is a flavoured and chewable tablet. If the tablet is not taken up voluntarily by the dog it can also be given with food or directly into the mouth. The dog should be observed during administration to confirm that the full chewable tablet is swallowed.

Treatment schedule:
For infestations with ticks, fleas, gastrointestinal nematodes, heartworm and lungworm, the need for re-treatment should be based on the advice of the prescribing veterinarian. Use of this veterinary medicinal product should take into consideration the local epidemiological situation, the animal's lifestyle, and the prudent use principles set out under 'Special Warnings' (see 'Special warnings').

Ticks and fleas:
For optimal treatment and control of flea and tick infestations, the veterinary medicinal product should be administered at intervals of 1 month, provided that repeated use is prudent based on the principles set out under Special Warnings (see 'Special warnings').

Gastrointestinal nematodes:
The treatment of concurrent infections with gastrointestinal nematodes is achieved by administering a single dose of the veterinary medicinal product. When the ongoing use of the veterinary medicinal product is indicated (see 'Indications for use'), re-administration to dogs at 1-month intervals is also appropriate for repeated treatment of gastrointestinal nematodes.

Heartworm:
The veterinary medicinal product kills *Dirofilaria immitis* larvae that have been transmitted within the previous month. Therefore, for the prevention of heartworm (*D. immitis*) the veterinary medicinal product should be administered at regular monthly intervals during the time of the year when vectors (mosquitoes) are present. Administration should start in the month after the first expected exposure to the vectors and should continue until 1-month after the last exposure to the vectors.

When replacing another heartworm preventative product in a heartworm prevention programme, the first treatment with the veterinary medicinal product must be given within 1 month of the last dose of the former medication.

Dogs in areas endemic for heartworm, or dogs which have travelled to endemic areas, may be infected with adult heartworms. Therefore prior to administration of the veterinary medicinal product for the concurrent prevention of infection with adult *D. immitis*, the advice provided in 'Special warnings' should be considered.

Lungworm:
In endemic areas, monthly administration of the veterinary medicinal product will prevent angiostrongylosis by reducing the level of infection with immature adults (L5) and adult stages of *Angiostrongylus vasorum* in the heart and lungs.
It is recommended that lungworm prevention should be continued until at least 1 month after the last exposure to slugs and snails. Seek veterinary advice regarding the optimal time to start treatment with this veterinary medicinal product.

10. Withdrawal periods

Not applicable.

11. Special storage precautions

Keep out of the sight and reach of children.

Do not store above 30 °C.

Do not use this veterinary medicinal product after the expiry date which is stated on the carton after Exp. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

12. Special precautions for disposal

Medicines should not be disposed of via wastewater.

The veterinary medicinal product should not enter water courses as fluralaner and moxidectin may be dangerous for fish and other aquatic organisms.

Use take-back schemes for the disposal of any unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived thereof in accordance with local requirements and with any national collection systems. These measures should help to protect the environment.

Ask your veterinary surgeon or pharmacist how to dispose of medicines no longer required.

13. Classification of veterinary medicinal products

Veterinary medicinal product subject to prescription.

14. Marketing authorisation numbers and pack sizes

Vm 01708/5123: 1.27-2.5 kg
Vm 01708/5119: > 2.5-5 kg
Vm 01708/5122: > 5-10 kg
Vm 01708/5118: > 10-20 kg
Vm 01708/5120: > 20-40 kg
Vm 01708/5121: > 40-60 kg

Carton with aluminium foil blister sealed with PET aluminium foil lid stock. One cardboard box contains 1, 3 or 6 chewable tablets.

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

15. PID LINK (Do not print heading)

[The following statement must be included where reference to the European Union Product Database is included on the product information. This statement is relevant to both UK(GB) and UK(NI) products:]

Find more product information by searching for the 'Product Information Database' on www.gov.uk.

16. Contact details

Marketing authorisation holder and contact details to report suspected adverse reactions:
MSD Animal Health UK Limited
Walton Manor, Walton
Milton Keynes
MK7 7AJ, UK
Tel.: +44 (0)1908 685685

Manufacturer responsible for batch release:
Intervet Ges.m.b.H.
Siemensstrasse 107
1210 Vienna
Austria

17. Other information

The veterinary medicinal product contributes towards the control of the environmental flea populations in areas to which treated dogs have access.

For fleas, the onset of efficacy is within 24 hours of attachment, for 30 days after the veterinary medicinal product's administration.

Fluralaner reduces the risk of infection with *Babesia canis canis* via transmission by *Dermacentor reticulatus* by killing the ticks within 36 hours, before disease transmission occurs.

Fluralaner reduces the risk of infection with *D. caninum* via transmission by *C. felis* by killing the fleas within 24 hours, before disease transmission occurs.

POM-V

Gavin Hall

Approved: 15 April 2025