

## **SUMMARY OF PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS**

### **1. NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT**

Alpramil 16 mg/40 mg film-coated tablets for cats weighing at least 4 kg

### **2. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE COMPOSITION**

Each tablet contains:

#### **Active substances:**

Milbemycin oxime	16.0 mg
Praziquantel	40.0 mg

#### **Excipients:**

Titanium dioxide (E171)	0.711 mg
Iron oxide (E172)	0.139 mg

For the full list of excipients, see section 6.1.

### **3. PHARMACEUTICAL FORM**

Film-coated tablet  
Oblong and convex purple-brown coated tablet.

### **4. CLINICAL PARTICULARS**

#### **4.1 Target species**

Cats weighing at least 4 kg

#### **4.2 Indications for use, specifying the target species**

Treatment of mixed infections by immature and adult cestodes **and** nematodes of the following species:

- Cestodes:

*Dipylidium caninum*

*Taenia* spp.

*Echinococcus multilocularis*

- Nematodes:

*Ancylostoma tubaeforme*

*Toxocara cati*

Prevention of heartworm disease (*Dirofilaria immitis*) if concomitant treatment against cestodes is indicated.

### **4.3 Contraindications**

Do not use in cats weighing less than 4 kg.

Do not use in known cases of hypersensitivity to the active substances or to any of the excipients.

### **4.4 Special warnings for each target species**

In order to develop an effective worm control programme local epidemiological information and the risk of exposure of the cat should be taken into account. It is recommended to treat all the animals living in the same household concomitantly.

When infection with the cestode *D. caninum* has been confirmed, concomitant treatment against intermediate hosts, such as fleas and lice, should be discussed with a veterinarian to prevent re-infection.

Parasite resistance to any particular class of anthelmintic may develop following frequent, repeated use of an anthelmintic of that class. Unnecessary use of antiparasitics or use deviating from the instructions may increase the resistance selection pressure and lead to reduced efficacy.

### **4.5 Special precautions for use**

#### Special precautions for use in animals

No studies have been performed with severely debilitated cats or individuals with seriously compromised kidney or liver function. The product is not recommended for such animals or only according to a benefit/risk assessment by the responsible veterinarian.

#### Special precautions to be taken by the person administering the veterinary medicinal product to animals

This veterinary medicinal product may be harmful when ingested, particularly for children.

Avoid accidental ingestion.

The product should be stored in a safe place.

In case of accidental ingestion, seek medical advice immediately and show the package leaflet or the label to the physician.

Wash hands after use.

#### Other precautions

Echinococcosis represents a hazard for humans. As Echinococcosis is a notifiable disease to the World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE), specific guidelines on the treatment and follow-up and on the safeguard of persons need to be obtained from the relevant competent authority.

### **4.6 Adverse reactions (frequency and seriousness)**

On very rare occasions, especially in young cats, hypersensitivity reactions, systemic signs (such as lethargy), neurological signs (such as ataxia and muscle tremors)

and/or gastrointestinal signs (such as emesis and diarrhoea) have been observed after administration of the veterinary medicinal product.

The frequency of adverse reactions is defined using the following convention:

- very common (more than 1 in 10 animals treated displaying adverse reaction(s))
- common (more than 1 but less than 10 animals in 100 animals treated)
- uncommon (more than 1 but less than 10 animals in 1,000 animals treated)
- rare (more than 1 but less than 10 animals in 10,000 animals treated)
- very rare (less than 1 in 10,000 animals treated, including isolated reports).

#### 4.7 Use during pregnancy, lactation or lay

The product can be used in breeding cats including pregnant and lactating queens.

#### 4.8 Interaction with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction

The concurrent use of the product with selamectin is well tolerated. No interactions were observed when the recommended dose of the macrocyclic lactone selamectin was administered during treatment with the product at the recommended dose.

Although not recommended, the concomitant use of the product with a spot on containing moxidectin and imidacloprid at recommended dose rates following a single application was well tolerated in one laboratory study in 10 kittens.

The safety and efficacy of the concurrent use have not been investigated in field studies. In the absence of further studies, caution should be taken in the case of concurrent use of the product with any other macrocyclic lactone. Also, no such studies have been performed with reproducing animals.




#### 4.9 Amounts to be administered and administration route

Oral use.

Minimum recommended dose rate: 2 mg of milbemycin oxime and 5 mg of praziquantel per kg are given orally as a single dose.

The product should be administered with or after some food. Doing so ensures optimum protection against heartworm disease.

Animals should be weighed to ensure accurate dosing. Depending on the bodyweight of the cat and the availability of tablet strengths, practical dosing examples are as follows:

Weight (kg)	16 mg/40 mg tablet	
> 4 – 8		1 tablet
> 8 – 16	 	2 tablets

The product can be inserted into a programme for prevention of heartworm disease if at the same time treatment against tapeworms is indicated. The product has a duration of heartworm prevention of one month. For regular prevention of heartworm disease the use of a monosubstance is preferred.

#### 4.10 Overdose (symptoms, emergency procedures, antidotes), if necessary

In case of overdose, in addition to signs observed at the recommended dose (see section 4.6), drooling was observed. This sign will usually disappear spontaneously within a day.

#### 4.11 Withdrawal period(s)

Not applicable.

### 5. PHARMACOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

Pharmacotherapeutic group: Endectocides, macrocyclic lactones (milbemycin oxime, combinations)

ATC vet code: QP54AB51

#### 5.1 Pharmacodynamic properties

Milbemycin oxime belongs to the group of macrocyclic lactones, isolated from the fermentation of *Streptomyces hygroscopicus* var. *aureolacrimosus*. It is active against mites, against larval and adult stages of nematodes as well as against larvae of *Dirofilaria immitis*.

The activity of milbemycin is related to its action on invertebrate neurotransmission: Milbemycin oxime, like avermectins and other milbemycins, increases nematode and insect membrane permeability to chloride ions via glutamate-gated chloride ion channels (related to vertebrate GABA<sub>A</sub> and glycine receptors). This leads to hyperpolarisation of the neuromuscular membrane and flaccid paralysis and death of the parasite.

Praziquantel is an acylated pyrazino-isoquinoline derivative. Praziquantel is active against cestodes and trematodes. It modifies the permeability for calcium (influx of Ca<sup>2+</sup>) in the membranes of the parasite inducing an imbalance in the membrane structures, leading to membrane depolarisation and almost instantaneous contraction of the musculature (tetany), rapid vacuolization of the syncytial tegument and subsequent tegumental disintegration (blebbing), resulting in easier expulsion from the gastrointestinal tract or death of the parasite.

#### 5.2 Pharmacokinetic particulars

After oral administration, praziquantel reaches peak plasma concentrations ( $C_{\max}$  1.08 µg/ml) within 2 hours after oral administration. The half-life of elimination is around 2 hours.

After oral administration, milbemycin oxime reaches peak plasma concentrations ( $C_{\max}$  1.48 µg/ml) within 3 hours. The half-life of elimination is around 22 hours (± 10 hours).

## **6. PHARMACEUTICAL PARTICULARS**

### **6.1 List of excipients**

Core:

Povidone  
Cellulose, microcrystalline  
Croscarmellose sodium  
Lactose monohydrate  
Silica, colloidal hydrated  
Magnesium stearate

Coat:

Hypromellose  
Lactose monohydrate  
Titanium dioxide (E171)  
Macrogol  
Vanillin  
Iron oxide red (E172)  
Iron oxide black (E172)

### **6.2 Major incompatibilities**

Not applicable.

### **6.3 Shelf life**

Shelf life of the veterinary medicinal product as packaged for sale: 30 months

### **6.4 Special precautions for storage**

This veterinary medicinal product does not require any special storage conditions.

### **6.5 Nature and composition of immediate packaging**

PVC / PE / PVDC - Aluminium blisters containing 1, 2 or 4 tablets.

Box with 1 blister containing 1 tablet.  
Box with 1 blister containing 2 tablets.  
Box with 1 blister containing 4 tablets.  
Box with 10 blisters each containing 1 tablet.  
Box with 10 blisters each containing 2 tablets.  
Box with 10 blisters each containing 4 tablets.  
Box with 25 blisters each containing 1 tablet.  
Box with 25 blisters each containing 2 tablets.  
Box with 25 blisters each containing 4 tablets.

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

**6.6 Special precautions for the disposal of unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived from the use of such products**

Any unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived from such veterinary medicinal product should be disposed of in accordance with local requirements.

The product should not enter water courses as this may be dangerous for fish and other aquatic organisms.

**7. MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER**

Alfasan Nederland B.V.  
Kuipersweg 9  
3449 JA Woerden  
The Netherlands

**8. MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBER**

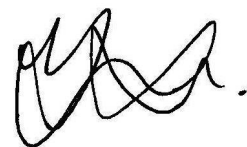
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**9. DATE OF FIRST AUTHORISATION**

06 May 2022

**10. DATE OF REVISION OF THE TEXT**

May 2022

A handwritten signature in black ink, consisting of several loops and a final horizontal stroke.

Approved: 06 May 2022