SUMMARY OF PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

1. NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Animeloxan 1.5 mg/ml oral suspension for dogs

2. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE COMPOSITION

Each ml contains:

Active substance:

Meloxicam 1.5 mg

Excipients:

Qualitative composition of excipients and other constituents	Quantitative composition if that information is essential for proper administration of the veterinary medicinal product
Sodium benzoate	1.5 mg
Microcrystalline cellulose	
Carmellose sodium	
Glycerol	
Sorbitol, Liquid (non-crystallising)	
Xylitol	
Sodium dihydrogen phosphate dihydrate	
Saccharin Sodium	
Honey Flavour IFF RS 80008	
Citric acid monohydrate	
Purified Water	

The veterinary medicinal product is a pale yellow viscous suspension.

3. CLINICAL INFORMATION

3.1. Target species

Dogs

3.2. Indications for use for each target species

Alleviation of inflammation and pain in both acute and chronic musculo-skeletal disorders.

3.3. Contraindications

Do not use in pregnant or lactating animals.

Do not use in animals suffering from gastrointestinal disorders such as irritation and haemorrhage, impaired hepatic, cardiac or renal function and haemorrhagic disorders.

Do not use in cases of hypersensitivity to the active substance or to any of the excipients.

Do not use in dogs less than 6 weeks of age.

3.4. Special warnings

None.

3.5. Special precautions for use

Special precautions for safe use in the target species:

If adverse reactions occur, treatment should be discontinued and the advice of a veterinarian should be sought.

Avoid use in any dehydrated, hypovolaemic or hypotensive animal, as there is a potential risk of increased renal toxicity.

In case of prolonged use, monitoring during treatment should be carried out.

Special precautions to be taken by the person administering the veterinary medicinal product to animals:

People with known hypersensitivity to NSAIDs should avoid contact with the veterinary medicinal product.

In case of accidental ingestion, seek medical advice immediately and show the package leaflet or the label to the physician.

Special precautions for the protection of the environment:

Not applicable.

3.6. Adverse events

Dog:

(cannot be estimated from the available data): Appetite loss¹, vomiting¹, diarrnoea¹, blood in faeces¹,², apathy¹	(cannot be estimated from the	Appetite loss ¹ , vomiting ¹ , diarrhoea ¹ , blood in faeces ^{1,2} , apathy ¹
--	-------------------------------	--

¹These typical adverse drug reactions of NSAIDs occur occasionally and generally within the first treatment week and are in most cases transient and disappear following termination of the treatment but in very rare cases may be serious or fatal. ²occult

Reporting adverse events is important. It allows continuous safety monitoring of a veterinary medicinal product. Reports should be sent, preferably via a veterinarian, to either the marketing authorisation holder or its local representative or the national competent authority via the national reporting system. See also the package leaflet for respective contact details.

3.7. Use during pregnancy, lactation or lay

The safety of the veterinary medicinal product has not been established during pregnancy or lactation.

Pregnancy:

Do not use during pregnancy.

Lactation:

Do not use for nursing bitches.

3.8. Interaction with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction

Other NSAIDs, diuretics, anticoagulants, aminoglycoside antibiotics and substances with high protein binding may compete for binding and thus lead to toxic effects. Meloxicam must not be administered in conjunction with other NSAIDs or glucocorticosteroids.

Pre-treatment with anti-inflammatory substances may result in additional or increased adverse effects and accordingly a treatment-free period with such drugs should be observed for at least 24 hours before commencement of treatment. The treatment-free period, however, should take into account the pharmacokinetic properties of the veterinary medicinal products used previously.

Meloxicam may antagonise the antihypertensive effects of ACE inhibitors.

3.9. Administration routes and dosage

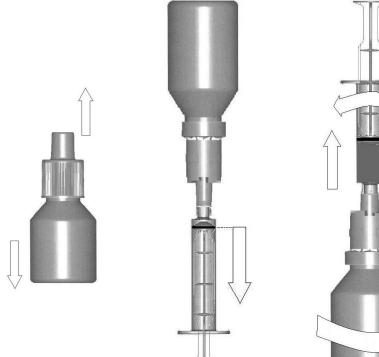
Shake well before use.

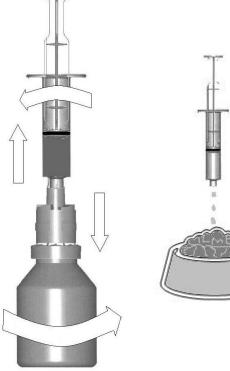
To be administered mixed with food or directly into the mouth.

Initial treatment is a single dose of 0.2 mg meloxicam/kg body weight on the first day. Treatment is to be continued once daily by oral administration (at 24-hour intervals) at a maintenance dose of 0.1 mg meloxicam/kg body weight (equivalent to 0,07 ml/kg).

Particular care should be taken with regard to the accuracy of dosing.

The suspension can be given using the measuring syringe provided in the package. The syringe provided allows dosing for dogs with a body weight of 2.5 – 45 kg. For dosing for dogs with a body weight of less than 2.5 kg, a syringe with a smaller volume (0.5 ml, 1 ml) must be used. The syringe fits onto the bottle and has a kg-body weight scale which corresponds to the maintenance dose (i.e. 0.1 mg meloxicam/kg body weight corresponds to 0,07 ml/kg bodyweight). Thus for the first day, twice the maintenance volume will be required.





Shake bottle well. Push down and unscrew bottle top. Attach the dosing syringe to the bottle by gently pushing the end onto the top of the bottle.

Turn the bottle/syringe upside down. Pull the plunger out until the line on the plunger corresponds to your dog's bodyweight in kilograms

Turn the bottle right way up and with a twisting movement separate the dosing syringe from the bottle Empty the contents of the syringe onto the food by pushing the plunger in or directly into the mouth.

A clinical response is normally seen within 3 - 4 days. Treatment should be discontinued after 10 days at the latest if no clinical improvement is apparent.

For longer term treatment, once clinical response has been observed (after ≥ 4 days), the dose of the veterinary medicinal product can be adjusted to the lowest effective individual dose reflecting that the degree of pain and inflammation associated with chronic musculo-skeletal disorders may vary over time.

Avoid introduction of contamination during use.

3.10. Symptoms of overdose (and where applicable, emergency procedures and antidotes)

In the case of overdosage symptomatic treatment should be initiated. Please refer to Section 3.6 (Adverse events) for details of symptoms.

3.11. Special restrictions for use and special conditions for use, including restrictions on the use of antimicrobial and antiparasitic veterinary medicinal products in order to limit the risk of development of resistance

Not applicable.

3.12. Withdrawal periods

Not applicable.

4. PHARMACOLOGICAL INFORMATION

4.1. ATCvet code:

QM 01 AC 06

4.2. Pharmacodynamics

Meloxicam is a non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID) of the oxicam class which acts by inhibition of prostaglandin synthesis, thereby exerting anti-inflammatory, analgesic, anti-exudative and antipyretic effects. It reduces leukocyte infiltration into the inflamed tissue. To a minor extent it also inhibits collagen-induced thrombocyte aggregation. In vitro and in vivo studies demonstrated that meloxicam inhibits cyclooxygenase-2 (COX-2) to a greater extent than cyclooxygenase-1 (COX-1).

4.3. Pharmacokinetics

Absorption

Meloxicam is completely absorbed following oral administration and maximal plasma concentrations are obtained after approximately 7.5 hours. When the veterinary medicinal product is used according to the recommended dosage regime, steady state concentrations of meloxicam in plasma are reached on the second day of treatment.

Distribution

There is a linear relationship between the dose administered and plasma concentration observed in the therapeutic dose range. Approximately 97 % of meloxicam is bound to plasma proteins. The volume of distribution is 0.3 l/kg.

Metabolism

Meloxicam is predominantly found in plasma and is also a major biliary excretion product whereas urine contains only traces of the parent compound. Meloxicam is metabolised to an alcohol, an acid derivative and to several polar metabolites. All major metabolites have been shown to be pharmacologically inactive.

Elimination

Meloxicam is eliminated with a half-life of 24 hours. Approximately 75 % of the administered dose is eliminated via faeces and the remainder via urine.

5. PHARMACEUTICAL PARTICULARS

5.1. Major Incompatibilities

In the absence of compatibility studies, this veterinary medicinal product must not be mixed with other veterinary medicinal products.

5.2. Shelf life

Shelf-life of the veterinary medicinal product as packaged for sale: 3 years Shelf-life after first opening the immediate packaging: 6 months

5.3. Special precautions for storage

This veterinary medicinal product does not require any special storage conditions.

5.4. Nature and composition of immediate packaging

High density polyethylene bottle with polyethylene inner and outer cap. Measuring device: Polypropylene syringe

Pack size(s): Bottles of 10 ml, 25 ml, 50ml, 100 and 125 ml

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

5.5. Special precautions for the disposal of unused veterinary medicinal products or waste materials derived from the use of such products

Medicines should not be disposed of via wastewater or household waste. Use take-back schemes for the disposal of any unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived thereof in accordance with local requirements and with any national collection systems applicable to the veterinary medicinal product concerned.

6. NAME OF THE MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER

aniMedica GmbH

7. MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBER

Vm 24745/3000

8. DATE OF FIRST AUTHORISATION

15 August 2008

9. DATE OF THE LAST REVISION OF THE SUMMARY OF THE PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

August 2023

10. CLASSIFICATION OF VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCTS

Veterinary medicinal product subject to prescription.

Detailed information on this veterinary medicinal product is available in the Union Product Database (https://medicines.health.europa.eu/veterinary).

Approved 23 January 2024