

SUMMARY OF PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

1. NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Atrocare 600µg/ml Solution for Injection

2. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE COMPOSITION

Active substance

<u>Qualitative composition</u>	<u>Quantitative composition µg/ml</u>
Atropine Sulphate	600

Excipients

For a full list of excipients, see section 6.1

3. PHARMACEUTICAL FORM

Solution for injection

A clear, colourless solution

4. CLINICAL PARTICULARS

4.1 Target species

Horses, Dogs, and Cats

4.2 Indications for use, specifying the target species

As a parasympatholytic for use in horses, dogs and cats. As a partial antidote to organophosphorus poisoning.

4.3 Contraindications

Should not be used in patients with a known hypersensitivity (allergy) to atropine, in patients with jaundice or internal obstruction.

4.4 Special warnings for each target species

None known.

4.5 Special precautions for use

- i. Special precautions for use in animals

Atropinisation of the patient should be carefully monitored by clinical observation.

- ii Special precautions for the person administering the veterinary medicinal product to animals

Care should be taken to avoid accidental self-injection. If accidental self-injection occurs, seek medical advice immediately and show the doctor the label.

Wash hands after use.

- iii Other precautions

None

4.6 Adverse reactions (frequency and seriousness)

Anticholinergic effects may be expected to continue into the recovery phase from anaesthesia.

4.7 Use during pregnancy, lactation or lay

Animal teratology and reproductive studies have demonstrated no adverse effects. Caution is recommended when used during early pregnancy.

4.8 Interaction with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction

There has been a literature report that the co-administration of anticholinergics (atropine) with alpha 2 receptor agonists such as medetomidine or xylazine as sedatives/pre-medication in dogs can result in tachycardia and continuing hypertension. No adverse clinical reports have been received relating to this possible effect.

4.9 Amount(s) to be administered and administration route

As a parasympatholytic by subcutaneous injection:

e.g. Horses 400kg 20-40 ml (30-60 µg/kg)

e.g. Dogs 10kg 0.5-0.8 ml (30-50 µg/kg)

e.g. Cats 4 kg 0.2-0.3 ml (30-50 µg/kg)

As a partial antidote to organophosphorous poisoning:

Severe cases:

A partial dose (a quarter) may be given by intramuscular or slow intravenous injection and the remainder given by subcutaneous injection.

Less severe cases:

The whole dose is given by subcutaneous injection.

All species:

25 to 200 µg/kg body weight repeated until clinical signs of poisoning are relieved. Several sequential injections may be required, depending on the severity of the poisoning. The frequency of the dose administered should be such that the recurrence of moderate or severe signs of poisoning are

treated, typically at 3 to 4 hour intervals.
Atropine is only effective several minutes after administration and maximum effect may be delayed to some 5 to 10 minutes after injection.
Atropinisation of the patient should be carefully monitored by clinical observation.
Other antidotes may also be employed.

4.10 Overdose (symptoms, emergency procedures, antidotes), if necessary

Symptoms: Signs are a combination of central and peripheral effects of atropinisation. Early signs are characterised by marked excitement. (Therapeutic overdose is relatively uncommon).
Treatment: Excitement may be relieved by a suitable sedative. Peripheral effects may be relieved by a physiological antidote, such as pilocarpine. In later stages of overdosage or poisoning, a medullary stimulant and artificial respiration may be required.

4.11 Withdrawal period(s)

Not to be used in horses and ponies intended for human consumption.

Treated horses may never be slaughtered for human consumption.

The horse must have been declared as not intended for human consumption under national horse passport legislation.

5. PHARMACOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

Pharmacotherapeutic group:

Belladonna alkaloids, tertiary amines

ATC Vet Code:

QA03BA01

5.1 Pharmacodynamic properties

Atropine is a tertiary amine alkaloid which has peripheral and central antimuscarinic effects.
It first stimulates and then depresses the CNS, and has anti-spasmodic effects on smooth muscle. Atropine depresses the vagus, thereby increasing the heart rate, and is used in anaesthesia pre-medication regimens to diminish the risk of vagal inhibition and to reduce salivary and bronchial secretions. It is used in the treatment or management of bradycardia and asystole. Atropine and other antimuscarinic drugs prevent the muscarinic side-effects of anticholinesterases, which are used to reverse the effects of non-depolarising neuromuscular blocking agents. Atropine reduces tremor and muscular rigidity, for example in Parkinsonism. Atropine has cyclopegic and mydriatic properties.

Atropine is a partial antidote to organophosphorus poisoning.

6. PHARMACEUTICAL PARTICULARS

6.1 List of excipients

Water for Injection

6.2 Incompatibilities

Acepromazine maleate, chlorpromazine hydrochloride, heparin sodium.
Alkalis, tannic acid, and salts of mercury.

6.3 Shelf life

Shelf life of the veterinary medicinal product as packaged for sale: 2 years

6.4 Special precautions for storage

Do not store above 25°C. Protect from light.
This product does not contain any anti-microbial preservative. Any solution remaining in the vial after withdrawal of the required dose should be discarded.

6.5 Nature and composition of immediate packaging

25ml, Amber, Type 1 glass vial, with a chlorobutyl Type 1, rubber bung.

6.6 Special precautions for the disposal of unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived from the use of such products, if appropriate

Any unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived from such veterinary medicinal products should be disposed of in accordance with local requirements.

7 MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER

Animalcare Ltd
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8. MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBER

Vm 10347 / 4016

9. DATE OF FIRST AUTHORISATION

Date: 26 July 1993

10. DATE OF REVISION OF THE TEXT

Date: June 2013

Approved:  18/07/2013