

SUMMARY OF PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

1. NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT

HIPRAGUMBORO CW Lyophilisate for use in drinking water.

2. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE COMPOSITION

Each dose contains:

Active substance:

Live attenuated infectious bursal disease virus, strain CH/80..... 10^{3.5} – 10^{5.5} CCID₅₀ *

*cell culture infective dose 50 %.

Excipient:

Qualitative composition of excipients and other constituents
Disodium phosphate dodecahydrate
Potassium dihydrogen phosphate
Povidone
Potassium chloride
Sodium chloride
Sucrose
Monosodium glutamate
Water for injections

Lyophilisate: Brown freeze-dried lyophilisate.

3. CLINICAL INFORMATION

3.1 Target species

Chickens.

3.2 Indications for use for each target species

For active immunisation of chicken (broilers) with maternally derived antibodies (MDA ELISA breakthrough titre of 115) to prevent clinical signs and to reduce loss of weight and bursal damage caused by Gumboro Disease.

Onset of immunity: 14 days post vaccination.

Duration of immunity: 30 days post vaccination.

3.3 Contraindications

None.

3.4 Special warnings

Vaccinate healthy animals only.

The optimal day of vaccination is calculated according to the Deventer's formula, applying an ELISA titre of 115 as the MDA breakthrough titre.

3.5 Special precautions for use

Special precautions for safe use in the target species:

Vaccinated chickens may excrete the vaccine strain up to 10 days following vaccination. During this time, the vaccine strain can spread to unvaccinated chicken.

Appropriate veterinary and husbandry measures should be taken to avoid spread of the vaccine strain to susceptible species.

The vaccine should not be used in birds without maternally derived antibodies (MDA).

Special precautions to be taken by the person administering the veterinary medicinal product to animals:

Personal protective equipment consisting of impervious gloves should be worn when handling the veterinary medicinal product.

Wash and disinfect hands and equipment after use.

In case of accidental ingestion, contact with the eyes, or spillage onto the skin, seek medical advice immediately and show the package leaflet or the label to the physician.

Special precautions for the protection of the environment:

Not applicable.

3.6 Adverse events

Chickens.

Very rare (< 1 animal / 10 000 animals treated, including isolated reports):	Bursa Fabricius lymphocyte depletion ¹
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¹ a notable and transient lymphocyte depletion can be observed in birds on day 7 post-vaccination. The repopulation of the follicles by lymphocytes starts after day 7 post-vaccination, being especially evident on 21 days post-vaccination. By day 28 post-vaccination only mild lesions remain in some birds. This does not result in an immune-suppressive effect.

Reporting adverse events is important. It allows continuous safety monitoring of a veterinary medicinal product. Reports should be sent, preferably via a veterinarian, to either the marketing authorisation holder or its local representative or the national competent authority via the national reporting system. See the package leaflet for respective contact details.

3.7 Use during pregnancy, lactation or lay

Laying birds:

Do not use in birds in lay and breeding birds.

3.8 Interaction with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction

No information is available on the safety and efficacy of this vaccine when used with any other veterinary medicinal product. A decision to use this vaccine before or after any other veterinary medicinal product therefore needs to be made on a case by case basis.

3.9 Administration routes and dosage

Administer one dose of the vaccine per chicken in the drinking water. Most of the commercial chicks are hatched with maternal derived antibodies, which might neutralise the vaccine. Therefore, it is required to calculate the proper vaccination time. The optimum age for vaccination is calculated by the Deventer Formula, after testing the level of maternally derived antibodies of 18-20 chicks of the flock.

According to this formula the optimum age of vaccination is as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Optimum vaccination age} = & \\ & \{(\text{Log}_2 \text{ IBD antibody ELISA titre of bird}(\%) - \text{Log}_2 \text{ breakthrough titre of the vaccine}) \\ & \times t_{0.5}\} \\ & + \text{age at sampling} + \text{correction } 0-4 \end{aligned}$$

IBD antibody ELISA titre of bird(%):

ELISA titre of the bird (at sampling) representing a certain percentage of the flock that is desired to be susceptible to the vaccine at the time of the application

Breakthrough titre of the vaccine:

ELISA titre that the vaccine is able to breakthrough

t_{0.5}:

Half-life time of the antibodies (ELISA titre) in the type of chickens being sampled

Age at sampling:

Age of the birds at sampling

Correction 0-4:

Extra days when the sampling was done at 0 to 4 days of age.

Reconstitution and method of administration:

Only clean, cold, fresh, antiseptic and disinfectant free drinking water should be used for reconstitution of the vaccine.

Calculate the number of vials of vaccine required and the volume of water needed to vaccinate all the birds.

The needed volume of water for reconstitution of the vaccine depends on the daily water consumption which is related to the age of the birds, the environment temperature and the management practices. The volume of water should be adjusted to ensure that the vaccine solution is consumed in about 1 - 2 hours at the latest. If the birds have higher or lower water consumption times, adjust the volume accordingly to ensure the proper water consumption time.

Open the vaccine vial(s) and introduce 10 ml of water. Shake gently until the lyophilisate is completely dissolved. The reconstituted vaccine is a pinkish suspension. Transfer the suspension into a container containing the remaining volume for the final vaccine suspension. The empty vial(s) should be rinsed a couple of times to ensure the complete reconstitution of the vaccine.

Alternatively, fill a clean container with the appropriate amount of water, submerge each of the closed vaccine vials individually and open the vial(s) under water. Shake gently until the lyophilisate is completely dissolved. The empty vial should be rinsed a couple of times to ensure the complete reconstitution of the vaccine.

The following management practices should improve the vaccine intake:

Water should be withheld for 1-2 hours prior vaccination to increase the thirst of the birds and ensure that all reconstituted vaccine is consumed within 1 to 2 hours.

Bell drinker vaccination: it is recommended to empty and clean the bell drinkers during the water withholding period. When the water restriction period is finished the vaccine is reconstituted as indicated previously and it is delivered to the birds.

Nipple drinker vaccination: a considerable amount of residual water might remain in the lines after the water withholding period. It is recommended to drain the lines and load them with the vaccine solution before allowing the birds to have access to the nipples.

Always ensure that the feed is available when vaccinating. The birds will not drink enough if they do not have access to feed.

3.10 Symptoms of overdose (and where applicable, emergency procedures and antidotes)

No effects other than those indicated in section 3.6 have been observed following administration of ten doses.

3.11 Special restrictions for use and special conditions for use, including restrictions on the use of antimicrobial and antiparasitic veterinary medicinal products in order to limit the risk of development of resistance

Not applicable.

3.12 Withdrawal periods

Zero days.

4. IMMUNOLOGICAL INFORMATION

4.1 ATCvet code: QI01AD09.

Vaccine to stimulate active immunity against infectious bursal disease (Gumboro disease) virus.

It contains live attenuated infectious bursal disease virus, strain CH/80, which is an intermediate strain; in a scale of 0-5 it has an average score of bursal lesions not higher than 2.0 at 21 days post-vaccination and not higher than 1.2 at 28 days after administration of a 10 times maximum dose.

5. PHARMACEUTICAL PARTICULARS

5.1 Major incompatibilities

In the absence of compatibility studies, this veterinary medicinal product must not be mixed with other veterinary medicinal products.

5.2 Shelf life

Shelf life of the veterinary medicinal product as packaged for sale: 2 years.
Shelf life after reconstitution according to directions: 2 hours.

5.3 Special precautions for storage

Store and transport refrigerated (2 °C - 8 °C).
Do not freeze.
Protect from light.

5.4 Nature and composition of immediate packaging

Type I glass vials of 10 ml containing 1 000 doses, 5 000 doses and 10 000 doses of the freeze-dried vaccine, Type I bromobutyl rubber stoppers and sealed with aluminum caps.

Pack size:

Cardboard box with 1 lyophilisate vial containing 1 000 doses
Cardboard box with 1 lyophilisate vial containing 5 000 doses
Cardboard box with 1 lyophilisate vial containing 10 000 doses
Cardboard box with 10 lyophilisate vials containing 1 000 doses
Cardboard box with 10 lyophilisate vials containing 5 000 doses
Cardboard box with 10 lyophilisate vials containing 10 000 doses

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

5.5 Special precautions for the disposal of unused veterinary medicinal products or waste materials derived from the use of such products

Medicines should not be disposed of via wastewater or household waste.

Use take-back schemes for the disposal of any unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived thereof in accordance with local requirements and with any national collection systems applicable to the veterinary medicinal product concerned.

6. NAME OF THE MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER

Laboratorios Hipra, S.A.
Avda. La Selva, 135
17170 Amer (Girona)
Spain

7. MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBER

Vm 17533/3002

8. DATE OF FIRST AUTHORISATION

02 August 2011

9. DATE OF THE LAST REVISION OF THE SUMMARY OF THE PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

November 2023

10. CLASSIFICATION OF VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCTS

Veterinary medicinal product subject to prescription.

Detailed information on this veterinary medicinal product is available in the [Union Product Database](https://medicines.health.europa.eu/veterinary) (<https://medicines.health.europa.eu/veterinary>).

Approved 21 November 2023

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Hunter.", is positioned below the approval date.