

## **SUMMARY OF PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS**

### **1. NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT**

TOLTRA-K 25 mg/ml Solution for use in Drinking Water for chickens and turkeys

### **2. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE COMPOSITION**

Each ml contains:

**Active substance:**

Toltrazuril 25 mg

For the full list of excipients, see section 6.1.

### **3. PHARMACEUTICAL FORM**

Solution for use in drinking water  
Clear colourless to brown solution

### **4. CLINICAL PARTICULARS**

#### **4.1 Target species**

Chicken (pullets and chickens for reproduction) and turkey

#### **4.2 Indications for use, specifying the target species**

For the treatment of coccidiosis caused by:

Chicken (pullets and chickens for reproduction): *Eimeria acervulina*, *E. brunetti*, *E. maxima*, *E. necatrix* and *E. tenella*.

Turkey: *Eimeria adenoides*, *E. meleagrimitis*.

#### **4.3 Contraindications**

Do not use in cases of hypersensitivity to the active substance or to any of the excipients.

#### **4.4 Special warnings for each target species**

Hygiene measures help to reduce the risk of coccidiosis. It is therefore recommended that attention be paid during treatment to hygiene in confinement buildings, particularly in terms of general cleanliness and moisture reduction.

It is recommended to treat all animals in a pen. For best results, treatment should be initiated before the clinical signs of disease have spread throughout the whole group.

## **4.5 Special precautions for use**

### Special precautions for use in animals

The veterinary medicinal product is a strongly alkaline solution and should not be administered undiluted.

As with any antiparasiticide, frequent and prolonged use of an antiprotozoal of the same class of active substance and underdosing due to underestimation of the live weight may result in the development of resistances.

### Special precautions to be taken by the person administering the veterinary medicinal product to animals

This veterinary medicinal product is an alkaline solution-contact with skin and mucous membranes should be avoided. Personal protective equipment consisting of gloves and goggles should be worn when handling this product. Wash any splashes from skin or eyes immediately with water. In case of irritation of eyes or skin after exposure, seek medical advice immediately and show the package leaflet or the label to the physician.

People with known sensitivity to toltrazuril, or any excipient, should avoid contact with this product.

Do not eat, drink or smoke while handling the product.

Do not ingest. In case of accidental ingestion, seek medical advice immediately and show the package leaflet or the label to the physician.

### Special precautions for the protection of the environment:

Not applicable.

### Other precautions

Not applicable

## **4.6 Adverse reactions (frequency and seriousness)**

Chicken (pullets and chickens for reproduction) and turkey: None known.

Reporting adverse events is important. It allows continuous safety monitoring of a veterinary medicinal product. Reports should be sent, preferably via a veterinarian, to either the marketing authorisation holder or its local representative or the national competent authority via the national reporting system. See the package leaflet for respective contact details.

## **4.7 Use during pregnancy, lactation or lay**

Not applicable (see section 4.11)

#### 4.8 Interaction with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction

Combination of the product with antibiotics may result in reduced water intake in turkeys. The concomitant administration of other substances to the drinking water should be avoided.

#### 4.9 Amounts to be administered and administration route

In drinking water use

The recommended dose rate is 7 mg toltrazuril per kg of body weight (equivalent to 28 ml of medicinal product per 100 kg of body weight) daily given for 2 consecutive days

The treatment is recommended to be given either continuously over 24 h or alternatively at a treatment duration of 8 hours per day.

To ensure a correct dosage, body weight should be determined as accurately as possible..

The intake of medicated water depends on the clinical condition of the animals. In order to obtain the correct dosage, the concentration of toltrazuril may need to be adjusted accordingly.

Considering continuous treatment over 24 hours the following calculation should be made for providing the required amount of veterinary medicinal product in ml per litre drinking water:

0.28 ml veterinary medicinal product per kg bodyweight per day	X	mean body weight (kg) of animals to be treated	=	x ml veterinary medicinal product per litre drinking water
mean water consumption (l) per animal (24 hours)				

Total demand of veterinary medicinal product per day (24 hours):  
The calculated volume (x ml veterinary medicinal product per litre) should then be multiplied with the total daily water consumption (l) for the 24 hour period.

Considering a treatment duration of 8 hours per day the following calculation should be made for providing the required amount of veterinary medicinal product in ml per litre drinking water:

0.28 ml veterinary medicinal product per kg bodyweight per day	X	mean body weight (kg) of animals to be treated	=	x ml veterinary medicinal product per litre drinking water
mean water consumption (l) per animal per 8 hours				

Total demand of veterinary medicinal product for a treatment duration of 8 hours:  
The calculated volume (x ml veterinary medicinal product per litre) should then be multiplied with the water consumption (l) for the 8 hour period.

The veterinary medicinal product should be dissolved in drinking water (gentle mixing) before use.

The use of acidic water may cause precipitation of the active substance at recommended doses. The solution should be prepared daily.

At doses ranging from 1 ml to 3 ml of the veterinary medicinal product per litre of drinking water, the solubility is ensured over the treatment period. Dilutions more concentrated than 3:1,000 (3 ml of product to 1 litre drinking water) may result in precipitation.

Because of potential solubility issue, the administration via header tanks should be avoided.

The use of suitably calibrated weighing equipment is recommended if part of containers is used.

Sufficient access to the system of water supply should be available for the animals to be treated to ensure adequate water consumption. No other source of drinking water should be available during the medication period. In free range husbandry systems animals should be kept in the stable during treatment.

After the end of the medication period the water supply system should be cleaned appropriately to avoid intake of sub-therapeutic amounts of the active substance.

#### **4.10 Overdose (symptoms, emergency procedures, antidotes), if necessary**

The first signs of intolerance such as reduced water intake were observed beyond 3-5 times the recommended dose.

#### **4.11 Withdrawal period(s)**

Chicken

Meat and offal: 18 days  
Not for use in birds producing or intended to produce eggs for human consumption. Do not use within 6 weeks before the start of the laying period.

Turkey

Meat and offal: 16 days

### **5. PHARMACOLOGICAL PROPERTIES**

Pharmacotherapeutic group: Antiprotozoals. Triazines.  
ATCvet code: QP 51AJ01

#### **5.1 Pharmacodynamic properties**

Toltrazuril is an anticoccidial of the triazinetrione group, active against *Eimeria spp*, Its activity affects the intracellular development stages of the parasite without affecting the extracellular stages of the parasites.

At parasite level, toltrazuril decreases the enzymatic activity of the respiratory chain, causing inflammation of the endoplasmic reticulum and Golgi apparatus, perinuclear space modifications and alteration of division of the nucleus.

#### **5.2 Pharmacokinetic particulars**

In chickens and turkeys, toltrazuril is absorbed at rate of at least 50%. Distribution is higher in liver and kidney. The active substance is rapidly metabolised and the main metabolite is characterised as a toltrazuril sulfone.

## **6. PHARMACEUTICAL PARTICULARS**

### **6.1 List of excipients**

Trolamine  
Macrogol 200

### **6.2 Major incompatibilities**

In the absence of compatibility studies, this veterinary medicinal product must not be mixed with other veterinary medicinal products.

### **6.3 Shelf life**

Shelf-life of the veterinary medicinal product as packaged for sale: 21 months  
Shelf-life after first opening the immediate packaging: 3 months  
Shelf-life after dilution or reconstitution according to directions: 24 hours

### **6.4 Special precautions for storage**

Do not store above 30°C.

### **6.5 Nature and composition of immediate packaging**

Bottle of white high-density polyethylene bottles, closed with a high-density polyethylene screw cap with low-density polyethylene induction sealing.

#### Package sizes:

Bottle of 1 L  
Bottle of 5 L

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

### **6.6 Special precautions for the disposal of unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived from the use of such products**

Medicines should not be disposed of via wastewater.  
Any unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived from such veterinary medicinal product should be disposed of in accordance with local requirements.

## **7. MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER**

Laboratorios Karizoo, S.A  
Polígono Industrial La Borda  
Mas Pujades 11-12  
08140 Caldes de Montbui  
Barcelona  
Spain

**8. MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBER**

Vm 31223/5000

**9. DATE OF FIRST AUTHORISATION**

05 November 2013

**10. DATE OF REVISION OF THE TEXT**

June 2024

**PROHIBITION OF SALE, SUPPLY AND/OR USE**

For animal treatment only.

To be supplied only on veterinary prescription

*Gavin Hall*

Approved: 12 June 2024