

PARTICULARS TO APPEAR ON THE OUTER PACKAGE

30mL and 100mL Carton

1. NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Normazole 5 mg/ml Oral Solution

2. STATEMENT OF ACTIVE SUBSTANCES

Each ml contains: Thiamazole 5 mg

3. PACKAGE SIZE

30 ml
100 ml

4. TARGET SPECIES

Cats.

5. INDICATIONS

6. ROUTES OF ADMINISTRATION

Oral use.

7. WITHDRAWAL PERIODS

8. EXPIRY DATE

Exp. {mm/yyyy}
Once opened use within 6 months.
Once opened use by...

9. SPECIAL STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

Keep the container tightly closed.
This veterinary medicinal product does not require any special temperature storage conditions.

10. THE WORDS "READ THE PACKAGE LEAFLET BEFORE USE"

Read the package leaflet before use.
Thiamazole may cause harm to the unborn child. If you are pregnant, think you may be pregnant or are attempting to conceive, you should not administer the product or handle the litter/vomit of treated cats.
Women of child bearing age must wear gloves.

Read package leaflet for full user warnings.

11. THE WORDS “FOR ANIMAL TREATMENT ONLY”

For animal treatment only.

12. THE WORDS “KEEP OUT OF THE SIGHT AND REACH OF CHILDREN”

Keep out of the sight and reach of children.

13. NAME OF THE MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER

VIRBAC

14. MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBERS

Vm 05653/5097

Vm 05653/3065

15. BATCH NUMBER

Lot {number}

PARTICULARS TO APPEAR ON THE IMMEDIATE PACKAGE

100 mL PET Vial Immediate Label

1. NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Normazole 5 mg/ml Oral Solution

2. STATEMENT OF ACTIVE SUBSTANCES

Each ml contains: Thiamazole 5 mg

3. TARGET SPECIES

Cats

4. ROUTES OF ADMINISTRATION

Oral use.

Read the package leaflet before use.

5. WITHDRAWAL PERIODS

6. EXPIRY DATE

Exp. {mm/yyyy}

Once opened use within 6 months.

Once opened use by...

7. SPECIAL STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

Keep the container tightly closed.

This veterinary medicinal product does not require any special temperature storage conditions.

8. NAME OF THE MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER

VIRBAC

9. BATCH NUMBER

Lot {number}

**MINIMUM PARTICULARS TO APPEAR ON SMALL IMMEDIATE
PACKAGING UNITS**

30ml PET Vial

1. NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Normazole

2. QUANTITATIVE PARTICULARS OF THE ACTIVE SUBSTANCES

Thiamazole 5 mg/ml

3. BATCH NUMBER

Lot {number}

4. EXPIRY DATE

Exp. {mm/yyyy}

Once opened use within 6 months.

Once opened use by...

PACKAGE LEAFLET

1. Name of the veterinary medicinal product

Normazole 5 mg/ml Oral Solution for Cats

2. Composition

Each ml contains:

Active substance:

Thiamazole 5 mg

Excipient:

Sodium Benzoate (E211) 1.5 mg

An off-white to light yellow opaque solution.

3. Target species

Cats.

4. Indications for use

For the stabilisation of hyperthyroidism in cats prior to surgical thyroidectomy.
For the long-term treatment of feline hyperthyroidism.

5. Contraindications

Do not use in cats suffering from liver disease or diabetes mellitus.

Do not use in cats showing signs of autoimmune disease such as anaemia, multiple inflamed joints, skin ulceration and crusting.

Do not use in animals with disorders of white blood cells, such as neutropenia and lymphopenia. Symptoms may include lethargy and increased susceptibility to infection. Do not use in animals with platelet disorders and coagulopathies (particularly thrombocytopenia). Symptoms may include bruising and excessive bleeding from wounds.

Do not use in pregnant or lactating females.

Do not use in cases of hypersensitivity to the active substance or to any of the excipients.

6. Special warnings

Special warnings:

In order to enhance stabilisation of the hyperthyroid patient the same feeding and dosing schedule should be used daily.

Special precautions for safe use in the target species:

Cats should always have access to drinking water.

Please inform the veterinarian if your cat has kidney problems.

If your cat suddenly appears unwell during treatment, particularly if s/he is febrile (has a high temperature), s/he should be examined by a veterinarian as soon as possible and have a blood sample taken for routine haematology.

Information for the treating veterinarian:

If more than 10 mg of thiamazole per day is required animals should be monitored particularly carefully.

Use of the veterinary medicinal product in cats with renal dysfunction should be subject to careful benefit:risk assessment by the clinician. Due to the effect thiamazole can have on reducing the glomerular filtration rate, the effect of therapy on renal function should be monitored closely as deterioration of an underlying renal impairment may occur.

Haematology must be monitored due to risk of leucopenia or haemolytic anaemia before initiating treatment and closely afterwards.

Any animal that suddenly appears unwell during therapy, particularly if it is febrile, should have a blood sample taken for routine haematology and biochemistry. Neutropenic animals (neutrophil counts $<2.5 \times 10^9/L$) should be treated with prophylactic bactericidal antibacterial drugs and supportive therapy. Please refer to the "Dosage for each species, route and method of administration" section of this package leaflet for monitoring instructions.

As thiamazole can cause haemoconcentration, cats should always have access to drinking water.

In hyperthyroid cats gastrointestinal disorders are common and may interfere with the success of the oral therapy.

Special precautions to be taken by the person administering the veterinary medicinal product to animals:

People with known hypersensitivity (allergy) to thiamazole or one of the excipients should avoid contact with the veterinary medicinal product. If allergic symptoms develop, such as a skin rash, swelling of the face, lips or eyes or difficulty in breathing, you should seek medical attention immediately and show the package leaflet or label to the physician.

This veterinary medicinal product may cause skin or eye irritation. Avoid eye contact including hand to eye contact. In case of accidental eye contact, rinse eyes immediately with clean running water. If irritation develops, seek medical advice.

Wash hands with soap and water after administration of the veterinary medicinal product and handling the vomit of or litter used by treated animals. Wash any spillages or spatter from skin immediately.

Thiamazole may cause gastrointestinal disturbances, headache, fever, joint pain, pruritus (itching) and pancytopenia (decrease in blood cells and platelets).

Avoid dermal and oral exposure, including hand-to-mouth contact.

Do not eat, drink or smoke while handling the veterinary medicinal product or used litter.

In case of accidental ingestion, seek medical advice immediately and show the package leaflet or the label to the physician. Following administration of the veterinary medicinal product any residual product remaining on the tip of the dosing syringe should be wiped clean with a tissue. The contaminated tissue should be immediately disposed of.

The used syringe should be stored with the veterinary medicinal product in the original carton.

As thiamazole is a suspected human teratogen, women of child-bearing age must wear non-permeable single use gloves when administering the veterinary medicinal product or handling the litter/vomit of treated cats. If you are pregnant, think you may be pregnant or are attempting to conceive, you should not administer the veterinary medicinal product or handle the litter/vomit of treated cats.

Pregnancy and lactation:

Do not use during the whole of pregnancy and lactation.

Additional information for the treating veterinarian:

Laboratory studies in rats and mice have shown evidence of teratogenic and embryotoxic effects of thiamazole. In cats, the safety of the veterinary medicinal product has not been established during pregnancy or lactation.

From man and rats it is known that the drug can cross the placenta and concentrates in the foetal thyroid gland. There is also a high rate of transfer into breast milk

Interaction with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction:

Please inform the veterinarian if your cat is receiving any other medicines or if your cat is going to be vaccinated.

Information for the treating veterinarian:

Concurrent treatment with phenobarbital may reduce the clinical efficacy of thiamazole.

Thiamazole is known to reduce the hepatic oxidation of benzimidazole wormers and may lead to increases in their plasma concentrations when given concurrently.

Thiamazole is immunomodulatory, therefore this should be taken into account when considering vaccination programmes.

Overdose:

If you think you have given your cat more than you should (an overdose), stop treatment and contact your veterinarian who may need to give symptomatic and supportive care.

For signs of overdose, please refer to the "Adverse events" section of this package leaflet.

Information for the treating veterinarian:

In tolerance studies in young healthy cats, the following dose-related clinical signs occurred at doses of up to 30 mg thiamazole/animal/day: anorexia, vomiting, lethargy, pruritus and haematological and biochemical abnormalities such as neutropenia, lymphopenia, reduced serum potassium and phosphorus levels, increased magnesium and creatinine levels and the occurrence of anti-nuclear antibodies. At a dose of 30 mg thiamazole /day some cats showed signs of haemolytic anaemia and severe clinical deterioration. Some of these signs may also occur in hyperthyroid cats treated at doses of up to 20 mg thiamazole per day.

Excessive doses in hyperthyroid cats may result in signs of hypothyroidism. This is however unlikely, as hypothyroidism is usually corrected by negative feedback mechanisms. Please refer to the "Adverse events" section of this package leaflet.

If overdose occurs, stop treatment and give symptomatic and supportive care.

Major incompatibilities:

In the absence of compatibility studies this veterinary medicinal product must not be mixed with other veterinary medicinal products.

7. Adverse events

Cats:

Uncommon (1 to 10 animals / 1,000 animals treated):

Vomiting¹;

Anorexia¹, Inappetence¹, Lethargy¹;

Pruritus^{1,2}(itching), Excoriation^{1,2} (self-trauma);

Prolonged bleeding^{1,3,4};

Icterus^{1,4} (jaundice), Hepatopathy¹ (liver disease);

Eosinophilia¹ (raised number of eosinophils), Lymphocytosis¹ (higher than

normal level of lymphocytes), Neutropenia¹ (low levels of neutrophils),

Lymphopenia¹ (low levels of lymphocytes), Leucopenia¹ (slight) (low levels of

white blood cells), Agranulocytosis¹ (severely low level of white blood cells),

Thrombocytopenia^{1,5,6} (low amounts of platelets), Haemolytic anaemia¹ (reduction of red blood cells).

Rare (1 to 10 animals / 10,000 animals treated):

Autoimmune disorder (serum anti-nuclear antibodies)^{5,7}.

Very rare (<1 animal / 10,000 animals treated, including isolated reports):

Lymphadenopathy^{5,7}(enlarged lymph nodes), Anaemia^{5,7} (low levels of red blood cells).

¹ These side-effects resolve within 7-45 days after cessation of thiamazole therapy.

² Severe and of the head and neck.

³ Sign of a bleeding diathesis.

⁴ Associated with hepatopathy.

⁵ Immunological side effect.

⁶ Occurs uncommonly as a haematological abnormality and rarely as an immunological side effect.

⁷ Treatment should be stopped immediately and alternative therapy considered, following a suitable period for recovery.

Adverse events have been reported following long-term control of hyperthyroidism. In many cases, signs may be mild and transitory and not a reason for withdrawal of treatment. The more serious effects are mainly reversible when medication is stopped.

Following long-term treatment with thiamazole in rodents, an increased risk of neoplasia in the thyroid gland has been shown to occur, but no evidence is available in cats.

Reporting adverse events is important. It allows continuous safety monitoring of a product. If you notice any side effects, even those not already listed in this package leaflet, or you think that the medicine has not worked, please contact, in the first instance, your veterinarian. You can also report any adverse events to the marketing authorisation using the contact details at the end of this leaflet, or via your national reporting system:

Website: <https://www.gov.uk/report-veterinary-medicine-problem/animal-reacts-medicine>

e-mail: adverse.events@vmd.gov.uk

8. Dosage for each species, routes and method of administration

Oral use.

The veterinary medicinal product should be administered directly into the mouth of the cat using the measuring syringe. The syringe is graduated in 0.5 increments up to 5 mg. Do not administer in food as efficacy of the veterinary medicinal product when administered via this route has not been established.

The recommended starting dose is 5 mg of thiamazole (1 ml of the product) per day.

The total daily dose should be divided into two and administered morning and evening. If, for reasons of compliance, once daily dosing is preferable, then this is acceptable, although a 2.5mg dose (= 0.5 ml of the product) given twice daily may be more efficacious in the short term. In order to enhance stabilisation of the hyperthyroid patient the same dosing schedule relative to feeding should be used daily.

After regular check-ups your veterinarian may adjust the dose.

For long-term treatment of hyperthyroidism, the animal should be treated for life.

Additional information for the treating veterinarian:

Haematology, biochemistry and serum total T4 should be assessed before initiating treatment and after 3 weeks, 6 weeks, 10 weeks, 20 weeks, and thereafter every 3 months. At each of the recommended monitoring intervals, the dose should be titrated to effect according to the total T4 and to clinical response to treatment. Standard dose adjustments should be made in increments of 2.5 mg of thiamazole (0.5 ml of the product) and the aim should be to achieve the lowest possible dose rate. In cats that require particularly small dose adjustments, increments of 1.25 mg of thiamazole (0.25 ml of the product) can be used. If total T4 concentration drops below the lower end of the reference interval, and particularly if the cat is showing clinical signs of iatrogenic hypothyroidism (e.g. lethargy, inappetence, weight gain and/or dermatological signs such as alopecia and dry skin), consideration should be given to reducing the daily dosage and/or dosing frequency.

If more than 10 mg of thiamazole per day is required animals should be monitored particularly carefully.

The dose administered should not exceed 20 mg of thiamazole per day.

9. Advice on correct administration

Follow the dosing instructions and duration of treatment advised by the veterinary surgeon.

10. Withdrawal periods

Not applicable.

11. Special storage precautions

Keep out of the sight and reach of children.

Keep the container tightly closed.

This veterinary medicinal product does not require any special temperature storage conditions.

Do not use this veterinary medicinal product after the expiry date which is stated on the label and carton after 'Exp.'. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

Shelf life after first opening the immediate packaging: 6 months.

When the container is broached (opened) for the first time, using the in-use shelf-life which is specified on this package leaflet, the date on which any product remaining in the container should be discarded should be worked out. This discard date should be written in the space provided on the label.

12. Special precautions for disposal

Medicines should not be disposed of via wastewater.

Use take-back schemes for the disposal of any unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived thereof in accordance with local requirements and with any applicable national collection systems. These measures should help to protect the environment.

Ask your veterinary surgeon or pharmacist how to dispose of medicines no longer required.

13. Classification of veterinary medicinal products

Veterinary medicinal product subject to prescription.

14. Marketing authorisation numbers and pack sizes

Vm 05653/5097
Vm 05653/3065

Cardboard box with either 30 ml or 100 ml presentations with an oral syringe.
The syringe is graduated in 0.5mg increments up to 5 mg.

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

15. PID link (Do not print heading)

[The following statement must be included where reference to the European Union Product Database is included on the product information. This statement is relevant to both UK(GB) and UK(NI) products:]

Find more product information by searching for the 'Product Information Database' on www.gov.uk.

16. Contact details

Marketing authorisation holder:

VIRBAC
1ère avenue 2065m LID
06516 Carros
France

Manufacturer responsible for batch release:

Norbrook Laboratories Limited
Station Works, Camlough Road
Newry, Co. Down, BT35 6JP
Northern Ireland

Norbrook Manufacturing Limited
Rossmore Industrial Estate
Monaghan
Ireland

Local representative and contact details to report suspected adverse reactions:

Virbac Ltd
Suffolk, IP30 9UP – UK
Tel: +44 (0)-1359 243243

Gavin Hall
Approved: 12 March 2026