

PARTICULARS TO APPEAR ON THE OUTER PACKAGE

Box of one 1000-dose bottle (10 ml) Box of one 5000-dose bottle (100 ml)

**Box of ten 1000-dose bottles (10x10 ml) Box of twelve 5000-dose bottles
(12x100 ml)**

1. NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Cevac Salmovac
Lyophilisate for use in drinking water

2. STATEMENT OF ACTIVE AND OTHER SUBSTANCES

Per dose:
Double-attenuated *Salmonella* Enteritidis mutant, strain 441/014 1 - 8 x 10⁸
CFU*

* CFU = Colony Forming Unit

3. PACKAGE SIZE

1 x 1000 doses
10 x 1000 doses
1 x 5000 doses
12 x 5000 doses

4. TARGET SPECIES

Chickens from one day old (breeders and layers)

5. INDICATION(S)

6. ROUTES OF ADMINISTRATION

In drinking water use.

7. WITHDRAWAL PERIODS

Withdrawal period:
Meat: 6 weeks.
Eggs: 3 weeks after third vaccination

Do not use within 3 weeks before the start of the laying period.

8. EXPIRY DATE

Exp. {dd.mm.yyyy}

Once reconstituted use within 4 hours.

9. SPECIAL STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

Store in a refrigerator.

Protect from light.

10. THE WORDS “READ THE PACKAGE LEAFLET BEFORE USE”

Read the package leaflet before use.

11. THE WORDS “FOR ANIMAL TREATMENT ONLY”

For animal treatment only.

12. THE WORDS “KEEP OUT OF THE SIGHT AND REACH OF CHILDREN”

Keep out of the sight and reach of children.

13. NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER

Ceva Animal Health Ltd
Explorer House
Mercury Park
Wycombe Lane
Wooburn Green
High Wycombe
Buckinghamshire
HP10 0HH
United Kingdom

14. MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBERS

Vm 15052/5045

15. BATCH NUMBER

Lot {number}

16. SPECIAL WARNING(S), IF NECESSARY

17. SPECIFIC PRECAUTIONS FOR THE DISPOSAL OF UNUSED PRODUCTS OR WASTE MATERIALS, IF ANY

Disposal: Read package leaflet

18. CONDITIONS OR RESTRICTIONS REGARDING SUPPLY AND USE IF APPLICABLE

POM-V

PARTICULARS TO APPEAR ON THE IMMEDIATE PACKAGE
5000 doses bottle (100 ml)

1. NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Cevac Salmovac
Lyophilisate for use in drinking water

2. STATEMENT OF ACTIVE AND OTHER SUBSTANCES

Per dose:
Double-attenuated *Salmonella* Enteritidis mutant, strain 441/014 1 - 8 x 10⁸
CFU*

* CFU = Colony Forming Unit

3. TARGET SPECIES

Chickens from one day old (breeders and layers)

4. ROUTES OF ADMINISTRATION

Read the package leaflet before use.

5. WITHDRAWAL PERIODS

Withdrawal period:
Meat: 6 weeks.
Eggs: 3 weeks after third vaccination

Do not use within 3 weeks before the start of the laying period.

6. EXPIRY DATE

Exp. {dd.mm.yyyy}

Once reconstituted use within 4 hours.

7. SPECIAL STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

Store in a refrigerator.
Protect from light.

8. NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER

Ceva Animal Health Ltd
Explorer House
Mercury Park
Wycombe Lane
Wooburn Green
High Wycombe
Buckinghamshire
HP10 0HH
United Kingdom

9. BATCH NUMBER

Lot {number}

10. PACKAGE SIZE

5000 doses

11. INDICATION(S)

12. SPECIAL WARNING(S), IF NECESSARY

13. SPECIFIC PRECAUTIONS FOR THE DISPOSAL OF UNUSED PRODUCTS OR WASTE MATERIALS, IF ANY

Disposal: Read package leaflet

14. THE WORDS “FOR ANIMAL TREATMENT ONLY” AND CONDITIONS OR RESTRICTIONS REGARDING SUPPLY AND USE IF APPLICABLE

For animal treatment only.

15. MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBER(S)

Vm 15052/5045

MINIMUM PARTICULARS TO APPEAR ON SMALL IMMEDIATE PACKAGING
UNITS 1000 doses bottle (10 ml)

1. NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Cevac Salmovac
Lyophilisate for use in drinking water

2. QUANTITATIVE PARTICULARS OF THE ACTIVE SUBSTANCE(S)

Salmonella Enteritidis

3. BATCH NUMBER

Lot {number}

4. EXPIRY DATE

Exp. {dd.mm.yyyy}
Once reconstituted use within 4 hours.

5. CONTENTS BY WEIGHT, BY VOLUME OR BY NUMBER OF DOSES

1000 doses

6. ROUTE(S) OF ADMINISTRATION

Read the package leaflet before use.

7. WITHDRAWAL PERIOD

Withdrawal period:
Meat: 6 weeks.
Eggs: 3 weeks after third vaccination

Do not use within 3 weeks before the start of the laying period.

8. THE WORDS “FOR ANIMAL TREATMENT ONLY”

For animal treatment only.

PARTICULARS TO APPEAR ON THE PACKAGE LEAFLET:

1. NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Cevac Salmovac
Lyophilisate for use in drinking water for chicken

2. COMPOSITION

One dose contains:

Active substance:

Double-attenuated (adenine-histidine auxotrophic)

Salmonella Enteritidis mutant, strain 441/014

1-8 x 10⁸ CFU*

* CFU = Colony Forming Unit

Light beige to brownish light grey lyophilisate.

3. TARGET SPECIES

Chickens from one day old (breeders and layers).

4. INDICATIONS FOR USE

Active immunisation of chickens to reduce colonisation, persistence and invasion of the intestinal tract and internal organs by *Salmonella* Enteritidis and *Salmonella* Typhimurium.

Onset of immunity within 6 days after first vaccination.

Duration of immunity for *Salmonella* Enteritidis is 35 weeks after second vaccination and 63 weeks after third vaccination when used according to the recommended vaccination schedule.

Duration of immunity for *Salmonella* Typhimurium is 60 weeks after the third vaccination when used according to the recommended vaccination schedule.

5. CONTRAINDICATIONS

Do not use in broilers.

6. SPECIAL WARNING(S)

Special warnings:

Vaccinate healthy animals only.

Special precautions for safe use in the target species:

- Vaccinated chickens excrete the vaccine strain up to six weeks following vaccination. During this time, the contact of immunosuppressed and unvaccinated chickens with vaccinated chickens should be avoided. The vaccine can spread to susceptible birds. Special precautions should be taken to avoid spreading of the vaccine strain to susceptible birds. Contact chickens may also excrete the vaccine strain.
- The vaccine strain has been isolated from chicken litter up to 13 days after vaccination. In studies, the vaccine strain can be found in the environment for up to 8 weeks after the 2nd vaccination and 5 weeks after the 3rd vaccination. On very rare occasions, the vaccine strain may be isolated from the environment beyond the above mentioned period.
- The vaccine strain has been shown to spread to non-target species such as calves and pigs. It persisted in these animals and was excreted over a period of 9 days in calves and 22 days in pigs and has been shown to cause a transient increase in body temperature.
- The use of the vaccine in fancy breeds has not been studied.
- The vaccine strain is among others sensitive to ampicillin, cefotaxime, chloramphenicol, ciprofloxacin, gentamycin, kanamycin, oxytetracycline, streptomycin.
- The vaccine strain is resistant to sulfamerazine alone but sensitive to sulfamerazine and trimethoprim in combination.
- Due to the adenine-histidine auxotrophy of the vaccine strain, a differentiation between vaccine and field strains is possible by means of an appropriate growth test such as the Ceva S-check test.
- A clear vaccine strain wild type strain differentiation is also possible on special chromogenic selective media (e.g. ASAPTM media, Biomérieux) due to a different colour of the vaccine colonies versus wild SE strains.
- The vaccine strain can also be distinguished from the field strain by molecular biology methods, such as real time Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) and Restriction Fragment Polymorphism (RFLP) in Pulse Gel Electrophoresis (PFGE).
- Appropriate veterinary and husbandry measures should be taken to avoid spread of the vaccine strain to susceptible species.

Special precautions to be taken by the person administering the veterinary medicinal product to animals:

- In case of accidental ingestion, seek medical advice immediately and show the package leaflet or the label to the physician. The vaccine strain is sensitive to antibiotics with the exception of sulfamerazine.
- Use disposable gloves when reconstituting the vaccine. Wash and disinfect hands after handling vaccine.
- Do not ingest. If the vaccine has been swallowed seek medical advice.
- Immunocompromised persons are advised to avoid contact with the vaccine and vaccinated animals during the excretion of the vaccine strain.
- Personnel involved in attending vaccinated chickens should follow general hygiene principles (changing clothes, wearing gloves, cleaning and disinfection of boots) and take particular care in handling litter from recently vaccinated chickens. Hands should be washed and disinfected after attending vaccinated chickens.

- Appropriate veterinary and husbandry measures should be taken to avoid spread to susceptible species.

Laying birds:

- Do not use in birds in lay and within 3 weeks before the start of laying period.
- Unvaccinated birds intended for lay should not come into contact with vaccinated birds.

Interaction with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction:

- No anti-infective substances should be used within 3 days before and after immunisation with the vaccine. In case of essential administration, the vaccination of the concerned birds has to be repeated.
- No information is available on the safety and efficacy of this vaccine when used with any other veterinary medicinal product. A decision to use this vaccine before or after any other veterinary medicinal product therefore needs to be made on a case by case basis.
- No competitive microflora preparations should be administered concurrently with the product.

Overdose (symptoms, emergency procedures, antidotes):

- Administration of an overdose (10 doses) can occasionally result in loose faeces and in a transient weight loss without any consequences on the final performances.

Major incompatibilities:

- Do not mix with any other vaccine/immunological products.

7. ADVERSE EVENTS

None known.

Reporting adverse events is important. It allows continuous safety monitoring of a product. If you notice any side effects, even those not already listed in this package leaflet, or you think that the medicine has not worked, please contact, in the first instance, your veterinarian. You can also report any adverse events to the marketing authorisation holder using the contact details at the end of this leaflet, or via your national reporting system.

8. DOSAGE FOR EACH SPECIES, ROUTE(S) AND METHOD OF ADMINISTRATION

Immunisation against *Salmonella* Enteritidis

Recommended vaccination scheme for birds on farms of unknown *Salmonella* status or positive *Salmonella* Enteritidis detection:

One dose from first day of age, a second dose two weeks later and a third dose not later than three weeks before the laying period. There should be more than two weeks between the second and third administration.

Recommended vaccination scheme for birds on farms with a known history and absence of *Salmonella* Enteritidis according to routine bacteriological monitoring:

One dose from first day of age followed by a second dose two weeks later (but not later than 6 weeks before the onset of lay). A greater level of protection, with regards to the duration of immunity, is observed with the 3-dose regime.

Immunisation against *Salmonella* Enteritidis and *Salmonella* Typhimurium (whatever the salmonella status)

One dose from first day of age, a second dose six weeks later and a third dose around 13 weeks of age.

9. ADVICE ON CORRECT ADMINISTRATION

Administration in drinking water (oral route).

- Apply the usual aseptic precautions to all administration procedures.
- Calculate the number of vials of vaccine required to vaccinate all the birds.
- Use only clean, antiseptic and disinfectant free drinking water.
- Reconstitute the vaccine using a small volume of drinking water in the vaccine vial. Ensure the complete dissolution of the lyophilisate. Then add the reconstituted vaccine to sufficient water to be consumed within 4 hours and mix thoroughly.

Birds may have drinking water withdrawn for 1-2 hours before administering vaccine.

As a guide, administer the vaccine in a volume of at least 2 litres of drinking water per 1,000 chickens at first vaccination and at least 5 litres of drinking water per 1,000 chickens at second vaccination two weeks later.

If a third dose is administered, use at least 10 – 20 litres of drinking water per 1,000 chickens. This third dose should be administered not later than three weeks before the laying period.

10. WITHDRAWAL PERIOD(S)

Meat: 6 weeks from last vaccination.
Eggs: 3 weeks after third vaccination

Do not use within 3 weeks before the start of the laying period.

11. SPECIAL STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

Keep out of the sight and reach of children.

Store in a refrigerator (2 °C – 8 °C).
Protect from light.

Do not use this veterinary medicinal product after the expiry date which is stated on the bottle after EXP.

Shelf life after reconstitution according to directions: 4 hours

12. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR DISPOSAL

Original vaccine containers (opened as well as emptied) and all equipment used for the vaccination procedure have to be disinfected after use (disinfectants - except quaternary ammonium bases - of usual working concentration).

Any unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived from such veterinary medicinal products should be disposed of in accordance with local requirements.

13. CLASSIFICATION OF VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCTS

Veterinary medicinal product subject to prescription.

14. MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBERS AND PACK SIZES

MA number: Vm 15052/5045

Packaging:

- 1000-dose bottle of lyophilisate: box of 1 bottle.
- 1000-dose bottle of lyophilisate: box of 10 bottles.
- 5000-dose bottle of lyophilisate: box of 1 bottle.
- 5000-dose bottle of lyophilisate: box of 12 bottles.

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

15. DATE ON WHICH THE PACKAGE LEAFLET WAS LAST REVISED

December 2023

Find more product information by searching for the 'Product Information Database' or 'PID' on www.gov.uk.

16. CONTACT DETAILS

Marketing authorisation holder and contact details to report suspected adverse reactions:

Ceva Animal Health Ltd
Explorer House
Mercury Park
Wycombe Lane
Wooburn Green
High Wycombe
Buckinghamshire
HP10 0HH
United Kingdom
Tel.: + 00 800 35 22 11 51
E-mail: pharmacovigilance@ceva.com

Manufacturer responsible for batch release:

IDT Biologika GmbH
Am Pharmapark
06861 Dessau-Rosslau
Germany

Ceva-Phylaxia Veterinary Biologicals Co. Ltd.
Szállás u. 5.
1107 Budapest
Hungary

17. OTHER INFORMATION

IMMUNOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

For active immunisation of chickens against *Salmonella* Enteritidis and *Salmonella* Typhimurium.

The live vaccine strain stimulates cell-mediated immunological mechanisms (as demonstrated in mice) and antibody formation in chickens against *Salmonella* Enteritidis and *Salmonella* Typhimurium. The antibody formation does not affect serological testing for *Salmonella* Gallinarum (rapid serum agglutination).

The vaccine strain is resistant to sulfamerazine. The strain has been demonstrated as genetically stable.

Approved 08 December 2023

