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## **SUMMARY OF PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS**

#### 1. NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Wormit Plus 12.5 mg/125 mg Flavoured Tablets for Dogs (Milbemycin / Praziquantel)

#### 2. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE COMPOSITION

#### **Active substances:**

Milbemycin oxime 12.5 mg Praziquantel 125.0 mg

For the full list of excipients, see section 6.1.

## 3. PHARMACEUTICAL FORM

Tablet

A brown flat round shaped tablet with a break line on one side.

#### 4. CLINICAL PARTICULARS

## 4.1 Target species

Dogs.

## 4.2 Indications for use, specifying the target species

In dogs: treatment of mixed infections by adult cestodes **and** nematodes of the following species:

## - Cestodes:

Dipylidium caninum

Taenia spp.

Echinococcus spp.

Mesocestoides spp.

#### - Nematodes:

Ancylostoma caninum

Toxocara canis

Toxascaris leonina

Trichuris vulpis

Crenosoma vulpis (Reduction of the level of infection)

Angiostrongylus vasorum (Reduction of the level of infection by immature adult (L5) and adult parasite stages; see specific treatment and disease prevention schedules under SPC point "4.9 Amounts to be administered and administration route")

Thelazia callingeda (see specific treatment schedule under section 4.9 "Amounts to

Thelazia callipaeda (see specific treatment schedule under section 4.9 "Amounts to be administered and administration route")

The product can also be used in the prevention of heartworm disease (*Dirofilaria immitis*) if concomitant treatment against cestodes is indicated.

#### 4.3 Contraindications

Do not use in dogs weighing less than 5 kg

Do not use in case of hypersensitivity to the active substances or to any of the excipients.

See also point "Special precautions for use".

## 4.4 Special warnings for each target species

Studies with milbemycin oxime indicate that the margin of safety in certain dogs of Collie or related breeds is less than in other breeds. In these dogs, the recommended dose should be strictly observed.

The tolerance of Wormit Flavoured Tablets for Dogs in young puppies from these breeds has not been investigated.

Clinical signs in Collies are similar to those seen in the general dog population when overdosed (see in point 4.10).

# 4.5 Special precautions for use, including special precautions to be taken by the person administering the medicinal product to animals

## i. Special precautions for use in animals

As per good veterinary practice, animals should be weighed to ensure accurate dosing

Treatment of dogs with a high number of circulating microfilariae can sometimes lead to the appearance of hypersensitivity reactions, such as pale mucous membranes, vomiting, trembling, laboured breathing or excessive salivation. These reactions are associated with the release of proteins from dead or dying microfilariae and are not a direct toxic effect of the product. The use in dogs suffering from microfilaremia is thus not recommended.

In heartworm risk-areas, or in the case it is known that a dog has been travelling to and from heartworm risk regions, before using Wormit Flavoured Tablets for Dogs, a veterinary consultation is advised to exclude the presence of any concurrent infestation of *Dirofilaria immitis*. In the case of a positive diagnosis, adulticidal therapy is indicated before administering Wormit Flavoured Tablets for Dogs.

No studies have been performed with severely debilitated dogs or individuals with seriously compromised kidney or liver function. The product is not recommended for such animals or only according to a benefit/risk assessment by the responsible veterinarian.

In dogs less than 4 weeks old, tape worm infection is unusual. Treatment of animals less than 4 weeks old with a combination product may therefore not be necessary.

Parasite resistance to any particular class of anthelmintic may develop following frequent, repeated use of an anthelmintic of that class

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# ii. Special precautions to be taken by the person administering the veterinary medicinal product to animals

Wash hands after use.

In the event of accidental ingestion of the tablets, particularly by a child, seek medical advice immediately and show the package leaflet or the label to the doctor.

#### iii. Other precautions

Echinococcosis represents a hazard for humans. As Echinococcosis is a notifiable disease to the World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE), specific guidelines on the treatment and follow-up, and on the safeguard of persons, need to be obtained from the relevant competent authority.

## 4.6 Adverse reactions (frequency and seriousness)

In very rare occasions, systemic signs (such as lethargy), neurological signs (such as muscle tremors and ataxia) and/or gastrointestinal signs (such as emesis, diarrhoea, anorexia and drooling) have been observed in dogs after administration of the veterinary medicinal product.

The frequency of adverse reactions is defined using the following convention:

- very common (more than 1 in 10 animals treated displaying adverse reaction(s))
- common (more than 1 but less than 10 animals in 100 animals treated)
- uncommon (more than 1 but less than 10 animals in 1,000 animals treated)
- rare (more than 1 but less than 10 animals in 10,000 animals treated)
- very rare (less than 1 animal in 10,000 animals treated, including isolated reports).

# 4.7 Use during pregnancy, lactation or lay

The product may be used in breeding dogs including pregnant and lactating bitches.

## 4.8 Interaction with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction

The concurrent use of Wormit Flavoured Tablets for Dogs with selamectin is well tolerated. No interactions were observed when the recommended dose of the macrocyclic lactone selamectin was administered during treatment with Wormit Flavoured Tablets for Dogs at the recommended dose. In the absence of further studies, caution should be taken in the case of concurrent use of Wormit Flavoured Tablets for Dogs and other macrocyclic lactones. Also, no such studies have been performed with reproducing animals.

#### 4.9 Amounts to be administered and administration route

Minimum recommended dose rate: 0.5 mg of milbemycin oxime and 5 mg of praziquantel per kg are given once orally.

The product should be administered with or after some food.

Depending on the bodyweight of the dog, the practical dosing is as follows:

Weight	Tablets
> 5 – 25 kg	1 tablet
> 25 – 50 kg	2 tablets
> 50 – 75 kg	3 tablets

In cases when heartworm disease prevention is used and at the same time treatment against tapeworm is required, Wormit Flavoured Tablets for Dogs can replace the monovalent product for the prevention of heartworm disease.

For treatment of *Angiostrongylus vasorum infections*, milbemycin oxime should be given four times at weekly intervals. It is recommended, where concomitant treatment against cestodes is indicated, to treat once with Wormit Flavoured Tablets for Dogs and continue with the monovalent product containing milbemycin oxime alone, for the remaining three weekly treatments.

In endemic areas administration of the product every four weeks will prevent angiostrongylosis by reducing immature adult (L5) and adult parasite burden, where concomitant treatment against cestodes is indicated.

For the treatment of *Thelazia callipaeda*, milbemcyin oxime should be given in 2 treatments, seven days apart. Where concomitant treatment against cestodes is indicated, Wormit Flavoured Tablets for Dogs can replace the monovalent product containing milbemycin oxime alone.

# 4.10 Overdose (symptoms, emergency procedures, antidotes), if necessary

No other signs than those observed at the recommended dose have been observed (see 4.6)

# 4.11 Withdrawal period(s)

Not applicable

#### 5. PHARMACOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

Pharmacotherapeutic group: Endectocides

**ATCvet Code:** QP54A B51 (Milbernycin combinations)

## 5.1 Pharmacodynamic properties

Milbemycin oxime belongs to the group of macrocyclic lactones, isolated from the fermentation of *Streptomyces hygroscopicus* var. *aureolacrimosus*. It is active against

mites, against larval and adult stages of nematodes as well as against larvae of *Dirofilaria immitis*.

The activity of milbemycin is related to its action on invertebrate neurotransmission: Milbemycin oxime, like avermectins and other milbemycins, increases nematode and insect membrane permeability to chloride ions via glutamate-gated chloride ion channels (related to vertebrate GABA<sub>A</sub> and glycine receptors). This leads to hyperpolarisation of the neuromuscular membrane and flaccid paralysis and death of the parasite.

Praziquantel is an acylated pyrazino-isoquinoline derivative. Praziquantel is active against cestodes and trematodes. It modifies the permeability for calcium (influx of Ca2+) in the membranes of the parasite inducing an imbalance in the membrane structures, leading to membrane depolarisation and almost instantaneous contraction of the musculature (tetany), rapid vacuolization of the syncytial tegument and subsequent tegumental disintegration (blebbing), resulting in easier expulsion from the gastrointestinal tract or death of the parasite

# 5.2 Pharmacokinetic particulars

After oral administration of praziquantel in the dog, peak serum levels of parent are rapidly attained ( $T_{max}$  approximately 0.5-4 hours) and decline quickly ( $t_{1/2}$  approximately 1.5 hours); there is a substantial hepatic first-pass effect, with very rapid and almost complete hepatic biotransformation, principally to monohydroxylated (also some di- and tri-hydroxylated) derivatives, which are mostly glucuronide and/or sulfate conjugated before excretion. Plasma binding is about 80%. Excretion is fast and complete (about 90% in 2 days); the principal route of elimination is renal.

After oral administration of milbemycin oxime in dogs, peak plasma levels occur at about 2-4 hours, and decline with a half-life of the unmetabolised milbemycin oxime of 1-4 days. Bioavailability is about 80%.

In the rat, metabolism appears to be complete although slow, since unchanged milbemycin oxime has not been found in urine or faeces. Main metabolites in the rat are monohydroxylated derivatives, attributable to hepatic biotransformation. In addition to relatively high liver concentrations, there is some concentration in fat, reflecting its lipophilicity

#### 6. PHARMACEUTICAL PARTICULARS

## 6.1 List of excipients

Cellulose, microcrystalline
Croscarmellose sodium
Povidone K30
Lactose monohydrate
Silica, colloidal anhydrous
Magnesium stearate
Talc
Artificial Powdered Beef Flavour
Yeast Extract

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## 6.2 Major incompatibilities

Not applicable.

#### 6.3 Shelf life

Shelf-life of the veterinary medicinal product as packaged for sale: 18 months

## 6.4 Special precautions for storage

Do not store above 25°C. Keep blister in the outer carton to protect from light.

## 6.5 Nature and composition of immediate packaging

Blister consisting of clear PVC/PE/PVDC film and an aluminium foil. Box with 2, 4, 8, 10, 20, 30, 50, 100, 200 or 500 tablets in blisters.

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

# 6.6 Special precautions for the disposal of unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived from the use of such products

Any unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived from such veterinary medicinal product should be disposed of in accordance with local requirements.

The product should not come into contact with water courses as this may be dangerous for fish and other aquatic organisms.

## 7. MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER

EU Generics Limited 37 Geraldine Road London SW18 2NR

## 8. MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBER

Vm 33411/4016

## 9. DATE OF FIRST AUTHORISATION

29 January 2020

## 10. DATE OF REVISION OF THE TEXT

January 2020

Approved: 29 January 2020