

United Kingdom
Veterinary Medicines Directorate
Woodham Lane
New Haw
Addlestone
Surrey KT15 3LS

MUTUAL RECOGNITION PROCEDURE

PUBLICLY AVAILABLE ASSESSMENT REPORT FOR A VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Milprazon 4 mg/10 mg film-coated tablets for small cats and kittens weighing at least 0.5 kg (BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, EE, EL, ES, FR, HR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LV, NL, PL, PT, RO, SI, SK, UK)

Milprazon vet 4 mg/10 mg film-coated tablets for small cats and kittens weighing at least 0.5 kg (SE)

Date Created: July 2017

PuAR correct as of 27/04/2018 when RMS was transferred to IE.

Please contact the RMS for future updates



PRODUCT SUMMARY

EU Procedure number	UK/V/0531/001/E/001
Name, strength and pharmaceutical form	Milprazon 4 mg/10 mg film-coated tablets for small cats and kittens weighing at least 0.5 kg
Applicant	KRKA d.d., Novo Mesto
	Šmarješka Cesta 6
	8501 Novo Mesto
	Slovenia
Active substance(s)	Milbemycin oxime
	Praziquantel
ATC Vetcode	QP54AB51
Target species	Cats
Indication for use	In cats: treatment of mixed infections by immature and adult cestodes and nematodes of the following species:
	- Cestodes:
	Dipylidium caninum
	Taenia spp. Echinococcus multilocularis
	Echinococcus multilocularis
	- Nematodes:
	Ancylostoma tubaeforme Toxocara cati
	TOXOCATA CALI
	Prevention of heartworm disease (<i>Dirofilaria immitis</i>) if concomitant treatment against cestodes is indicated.

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MODULE 2

The Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC) for this product is available on the Product Information Database of the Veterinary Medicines Directorate.

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PUBLIC ASSESSMENT REPORT

Legal basis of original application	Generic application in accordance with Article 13 (1) of Directive 2001/82/EC as amended.
Date of completion of the original decentralised procedure	25 th February 2015
Date of completion of the current MRP procedure	24 th May 2017
Concerned Member States for original procedure	First Use Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Czech Republic, Estonia, Germany, Hungary, Ireland, Latvia, Lithuania, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain
	Repeat Use
	Cyprus, France, Italy Sweden

I. SCIENTIFIC OVERVIEW

Milprazon 4 mg/ 10 mg film-coated tablets for small cats and kittens weighing at least 0.5 kg have been developed as generic products of Milbemax Film-Coated Tablets for Small Cats and Kittens. The reference product has been authorised in the UK since April 2003. Bioequivalence has been demonstrated between Milprazon Tablets for small cats and kittens weighing at least 0.5 kg and Milbemax Tablets for Cats. A proportionately based biowaiver has been accepted for this product.

The products contain milbemycin oxime and praziquantel, which should be administered at a dose rate of 2 mg/ kg and 5 mg/kg respectively. Milprazon is indicated for the treatment of mixed infestations of adult cestodes and nematodes, as well as the prevention of heartworm disease. The products are contraindicated in animals where there is a known hypersensitivity to the active substance or any of the excipients.

The product is produced and controlled using validated methods and tests which ensure the consistency of the product released onto the market. It has been shown that the product can be safely used in the target species, any reactions

observed are indicated in the SPC.¹ The product is safe for the user, and for the environment, when used as recommended. Suitable warnings and precautions are indicated in the SPC. The efficacy² of the product was demonstrated according to the claims made in the SPC. The overall benefit/risk analysis is in favour of granting a marketing authorisation.

II. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE PARTICULARS OF THE CONSTITUENTS

II.A. Composition

The product contains milbemycin oxime and praziquantel as the active substances. The excipients for the tablet core are cellulose microcrystalline, lactose monohydrate, povidone, croscarmellose sodium, colloidal anhydrous silica and magnesium stearate. The excipients for the tablet coating are hypromellose, talc, propylene glycol, iron oxide, red (E172), titanium dioxide (E171), meat flavour and yeast powder.

The container/closure system consists of OPA/AI/PVC foil and aluminium foil blister packs containing 2 or 4 tablets packaged in a cardboard carton. The particulars of the containers and controls performed are provided and conform to the regulation. The choice of the formulation is justified.

The product is an established pharmaceutical form and its development is adequately described in accordance with the relevant European guidelines.

II.B. Description of the Manufacturing Method

The product is manufactured fully in accordance with the principles of good manufacturing practice from a licensed manufacturing site. The product is manufactured by mixing the active substances with povidone and croscarmellose sodium before adding purified water to granulate. The remaining excipients are then mixed with the granulate and the mix is compressed into tablets, which are then packaged. Process validation data on the product have been presented in accordance with the relevant European guidelines.

II.C. Control of Starting Materials

The active substances are milbemycin oxime and praziquantel, established active substances. Praziquantel is described in the European Pharmacopoeia (Ph. Eur) and a Ph. Eur. Certificate of Suitability has been supplied. Milbemycin oxime is not described in a pharmacopoeia and data on the active substance have been supplied in the form of an Active Substance Master File (ASMF). The active substances are manufactured in accordance with the principles of good manufacturing practice.

¹ SPC – Summary of product Characteristics.

² Efficacy – The production of a desired or intended result.

The active substance specification is considered adequate to control the quality of the material. Batch analytical data demonstrating compliance with this specification have been provided.

All of the excipients, apart from meat flavour, yeast powder and iron oxide, are described in the European Pharmacopoeia and are manufactured in accordance with the relevant Ph. Eur. Monograph. Data were provided for the manufacture of the remaining excipients. Certificates of analysis were provided for all excipients.

II.C.4. Substances of Biological Origin

Certificates of suitability issued by the EDQM have been provided and compliance with the Note for Guidance on Minimising the Risk of Transmitting Animal Spongiform Encephalopathy Agents via Human and Veterinary Medicinal Products has been satisfactorily demonstrated.

II.D. Control Tests Carried Out at Intermediate Stages of the Manufacturing Process

Not applicable.

II.E. Control Tests on the Finished Product

The finished product specification controls the relevant parameters for the pharmaceutical form. The tests in the specification, and their limits, have been justified and are considered appropriate to adequately control the quality of the product. The tests include those for identification and assay of the active substances, dissolution of the active substances, appearance and microbiological quality.

Satisfactory validation data for the analytical methods have been provided. Batch analytical data from the proposed production site have been provided demonstrating compliance with the specification.

II.F. Stability

Stability data on the active substances have been provided in accordance with applicable European guidelines, demonstrating the stability of the active substance when stored under the approved conditions. The retest period for praziquantel is 36 months as described in the Ph. Eur. Certificate of Suitability. A retest period of 24 months has been determined for milbemycin oxime.

Stability data on the finished product have been provided in accordance with applicable European guidelines, demonstrating the stability of the product throughout its shelf life when stored under the approved conditions. Data were provided on batches of the finished product stored at 25°C/60% RH for 12 months and 40°C/75% RH for 6 months.

An in-use shelf life of 6 months after halving the 2.5 mg/125 mg tablet is based on the demonstration of stability for a batch broached and stored at 25°C/60% RH for 6 months.

G. Other Information

Shelf Life

The shelf life of the finished product as packaged for sale is 3 years. Shelf life for halved tablets after first opening the immediate packaging: 3 months (4 mg/10 mg), 6 months (16 mg/40 mg).

Special Storage for Precautions

Store in the original packaging in order to protect from moisture. This veterinary medicinal product does not require any special temperature storage conditions. Halved tablets should be stored below 25°C in the original blister and be used for the next administration.

Keep the blister in the outer carton.

III. SAFETY AND RESIDUES DOCUMENTATION (PHARMACO-TOXICOLOGICAL)

Pharmacological Studies

As this is a generic application according to Article 13 (1) of Directive 2001/82/EC as amended, and bioequivalence with a reference product has been demonstrated, results of pharmacological tests are not required.

Toxicological Studies

As this is a generic application according to Article 13 (1) of Directive 2001/82/EC as amended, and bioequivalence with a reference product has been demonstrated, results of toxicological tests are not required.

User Safety

A user risk assessment was provided in compliance with the relevant guideline which shows that the most likely routes of exposure are dermal, ocular through accidental hand to eye transfer or oral, again by accidental transfer. The risk to the user is considered to be the same as for the reference product. Warnings and precautions as listed on the product literature are adequate to ensure safety to users of the product.

- Wash hands after use.
- In the event of accidental ingestion of the tablets, particularly by a child, seek medical advice immediately and show the package leaflet or the label to the doctor.
- Echinococcosis represents a hazard for humans. As Echinococcosis is a notifiable disease to the World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE),

 specific guidelines on the treatment and follow-up, and on the safeguard of persons, need to be obtained from the relevant competent authority.

Environmental Safety

An environmental risk assessment (ERA) was provided in accordance with VICH and CVMP guidelines.

Phase I:

The ERA concluded that the product is not expected to pose a risk to the environment when used as recommended in the SPC. The product will only be used in non-food animals and as a result environmental exposure will be low. A Phase II ERA was not required.

IV CLINICAL DOCUMENTATION

IV.I. Pre-Clinical Studies

Pharmacology

Pharmacodynamics

As this is a generic application according to Article 13 (1) of Directive 2001/82/EC as amended, and bioequivalence with a reference product has been demonstrated, results of pharmacological tests are not required. The product is considered to have the same pharmacodynamics particulars as the reference product.

Pharmacokinetics

Bioequivalence Study

An *in vivo* bioequivalence study was provided comparing the 16 mg/ 40 mg tablet with the reference product. The study had a single dose, crossover design. The test product and reference product was administered to 36 healthy, male and female cats with a 34 day washout period between treatments. Animals were fasted overnight before treatment.

Blood samples were taken on the day before treatment and at regular intervals after treatment until 240 hours post treatment. The concentration of milbemycin oxime and praziquantel was established. The AUC³, C_{max}^4 and T_{max}^5 were determined for both milbemycin oxime and praziquantel. Both ANOVA and 90% confidence intervals for the pivotal parameters, AUC and C_{max} , were used to determine bioequivalence.

³ AUC – Area Under the Curve

 $^{^4}$ C_{max} – Maximum plasma concentration

⁵ T_{max} – Time to maximum concentration

The results for the test product for milbemycin oxime were AUC = 33472.66 (± 16480.72) h*ng/mL, C_{max} = 1263.10 (± 480.41) ng/mL and T_{max} = 4.54 (± 1.92) h. The results for the reference product for milbemycin oxime were AUC = 33034.33 (± 12983.87) h*ng/mL, C_{max} = 1269.86 (± 436.56) ng/mL and T_{max} = 5.10 (± 2.07) h.

The results for praziquantel following administration of the test product were AUC = 6517.86 (± 2800.84) h*ng/mL, C_{max} = 1498.73 (± 531.35) ng/mL and T_{max} = 3.40 (± 1.57) h. The results for the reference product for praziquantel were AUC = 6188.47 (± 1793.51) h*ng/mL, C_{max} = 1380.09 (± 448.18) ng/mL and T_{max} = 3.80 (± 1.60) h.

The 90% confidence intervals for the pivotal parameters for both milbemycin oxime and praziquantel fell within the predefined acceptance limits (80 - 125%). Therefore bioequivalence is accepted between the test product and the reference product.

For the 4 mg/10 mg product a suitable dissolution study was provided.

Tolerance in the Target Species

As this is a generic application according to Article 13 (1) of Directive 2001/82/EC as amended, and bioequivalence with a reference product has been demonstrated, results of tolerance studies are not required. References were also supplied to demonstrate that the active substances are well tolerated by the target species. In addition, the applicant conducted an in vivo bioequivalence study and the test product was well tolerated by the cats in the study.

Resistance

As this is a generic application according to Article 13 (1) of Directive 2001/82/EC as amended, and bioequivalence with a reference product has been demonstrated, resistance data are not required.

IV.II. Clinical Documentation

Laboratory Trials

As this is a generic application according to Article 13 (1) of Directive 2001/82/EC as amended, and bioequivalence with a reference product has been demonstrated, results of laboratory trials are not required.

V OVERALL CONCLUSION AND BENEFIT- RISK ASSESSMENT

The data submitted in the dossier demonstrate that when the product is used in accordance with the Summary of Product Characteristics, the benefit/risk profile of the product(s) is favourable.

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POST-AUTHORISATION ASSESSMENTS

The SPC and package leaflet may be updated to include new information on the quality, safety and efficacy of the veterinary medicinal product. The current SPC is available on the Product Information Database of the Veterinary Medicines Directorate website.

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The post-authorisation assessment (PAA) contains information on significant changes which have been made after the original procedure which are important for the quality, safety or efficacy of the product.

The PAA for this product is available on the Product Information Database of the Veterinary Medicines Directorate website.

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